THE WASHINGTON BEE

VOL. XXVII NO. 5 WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY JUNE 29, 1907.

Congressional Library

Is There Discrimination

DENIES THE BEE'S CHARGE.

Executive Office,
Commissioners of the District of Columbia,
Washington, June 19, 1907.

Dear Sir:

I hand you herewith copy of a report made to me by the Superintendent of the Washington Asylum, showing that there is no discrimination between white and colored workhouse prisoners in their assignments to work.

Sincerely yours,
Henry B. Macfarland.

W. Calvin Chase, Esq.
503 D St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

Office of the Washington Asylum.
Washington, D. C., June 19, 1907.

Hon. H. B. F. Macfarland,
Commissioner of the District of Columbia.

Dear Sir:

I respectfully present the following report bearing upon a criticism made in The Bee, charging that partiality is shown by the Superintendent of the Workhouse in the distribution of prisoners assigned to work. I respectfully submit that the Superintendent has never consciously drawn the color line, nor has he ever had the desire to do so. The fact is that there is less complaint on the part of the colored men because of the particular work to which they may be assigned, than there is among the white men.

In assigning prisoners to work I have had several things in mind. First, placing the prisoner with the least risk of escape. Secondly, his fitness for certain kinds of available work. Third, his physical condition. Fourth, some consideration is given to a man's record, that is, between a novice and a chronic offender; or as between a prisoner who may be tractable, and another who may be disposed to give trouble. In all these things the color line should not and does not enter.

Prisoners having trades are usually assigned to the painter, carpenter, engineer, baker, tailor, or cook, as the case may be. Those who can milk, drive, plow, feed, etc., are turned over to the farmer or dairyman.

The men who are assigned to work in the prison corridors are either such as have been excused by the doctor from doing outdoor work because of some disability, or they may be long term men, whom it is not safe to trust in the outside gangs. We now have more than 50 prisoners who are serving 6 months sentences.

Prisoners working on the farm, and in the buildings number from 130 to 140, and are about equally divided between the white and colored. The street gangs, working in the suburbs, under the Engineer Department, vary in size, according to our population, from 100 to 150 men, the colored men predominating.

In considering the situation, it should be observed that we have many more colored than white prisoners. Our population today is 366, of whom 123 are white and 233 are colored. About 35 per cent are white and 65 per cent are colored. Taking the male prisoners only, we have today 115 white and 164 colored men.

I would be glad to have a representative of The Bee call at the workhouse and see for himself how the prisoners are employed.

Very respectfully,
L. F. Zinkhan,
Superintendent.

MR. CHASE'S REPLY.

Washington, D. C., June 25, 1907.

Hon. H. B. F. Macfarland,
Commissioner of the District of Columbia.

Dear Sir:

Your very kind communication, enclosing a report of the investigation made by the superintendent of the Washington Asylum relative to the discrimination that exists in the convict labor gangs, was received a few days ago. Kindly permit me to say that the contention that I made in The Bee of a recent date is correct. Discrimination does exist, and if you will send a representative of your department on Fourteenth street extended you will see two wagon loads of colored convicts coming from work and not a white man in the gang. Do not understand me to say that you are aware of the discrimination and neither do I say that the superintendent of the asylum knows of such discrimination. What I want to know is, why should colored convicts be exposed to public view and hauled through the public streets in wagons, and white convicts allowed to remain in and around the workhouse where the eyes of the public seldom penetrate.

Believing that you will treat all offenders alike, and presuming that you were not aware of such discrimination I take the opportunity of calling your attention to it.

With assurance of my high esteen, believe me to be

Very respectfully,
W. Calvin Chase,
Editor of The Bee.

NEGRO BUSINESS LEAGUE NOTES.

The eighth annual session of the National Negro Business League is to be held at Topeka, Kansas, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, August 14, 15 and 16, 1907. The Central Passenger Association is just preparing notice of its arrangement of a one and one-third round trip rate to be joined by the other passenger associations of the country fro the coming meeting of the League.

Mr. E. P. Booze of Colorado Springs, Colorado, is arranging to secure a special car with a party of about twenty-five representative people of his section to attend the coming meeting of the League.

Mr. F. D. Pattrson, fourth vice-president of the National League, and manager of the carriage building firm of C. R. Patterson & Sons, Greenfield, Ohio, is taking an active part in increasing the influence of the organization in the State of Ohio. A large number of delegates from this section will likely attend the Topeka session of the League than at any previous meeting.

A unique feature of the coming meeting will be the presence, from the Business Course Department of Western University, Prof. Albert Ross, director, of a number of Negro young men and women stenographers and typewriters, trained in this school, who are to be located in the convention hall, ready to take dictation for such business men who would want to correspond with their families or friends in this way during their stay in Topeka.

The League will be tendered a grand picnic at the magnificent pleasure resort "Vinewood," about six miles from the city. On the evening of President Booker T. Washington's annual address, the meeting will be held in the auditorium—a large assembly hall seating four thousand five hundred persons. The League banquet, to be served by one of the leading caterers of the State, will also be held in the auditorium.

The Topeka Choral Club of over half a hundred voices will entertain the visitors with their engaging musical renditions during the sessions. Special selections are being rehearsed. All the citizens of Topeka are assisting in every way possible to make the meeting of the League a great success. The state and city officials are co-operating with the Negro Business League officers in preparation for the visitors and a hearty welcome on all hands awaits the delegates and friends. Among those who will formally welcome the league attendants are Hon. E. W. Hoch, Governor of the State, Mayor William Green, and Hon. C. K. Holiday. The latter will represent the Commercial Club of Topeka.

The committee on Home and Location have arranged for all visitors and League members to be taken care of at an average rate of $1.00 per day for board. There will be no attempt to hold up the delegates on this item. The officers of the Topeka League have just issued a special invitation to all members of the National League and their friends, urging them to attend the meeting and assuring them a profitable and interesting stay in Kansas. Detailed information along any line and especially as to accommodations can be furnished by Mr. Ira C. Guy, vice-president of the National Negro Business League, 311 West 14th street, Topeka, Kansas.

CORDIAL GREETING RECEIVED AT XENIA, WHERE CITIZENS DEMAND IMPROMPTU SPEECCH.

Xenia, O., June 20.—In the presence of the leading clergymen and educators of the African Methodist Episcopal Church this afternoon, at Wilberforce College, United States Senator J. B. Foraker entered somewhat fully into the discussion of the matters developed by the Senatorial investigation of the Brownsville shooting, for which a battalion of Negro soldiers was summarily discharged from the army without honor by President Roosevelt.

The occasion was the forty-fourth annual commencement of the Wilberforce College, the leading educational institution of the African Methodist Episcopal Church, which is located just outside the limits of the city.

One of the notable incidents of the day was the presentation to Senator Foraker of a loving cup by Negro citizens of Cincinnati. The Rev. Dr. Burch, assisted by the Rev. Dr. J. Franklin Walker, made the presentation speech, to which Senator Foraker eloquently replied. A large delegation of leading Negro citizens went to Wilberforce as a committee bearing the gift.

FOR RIGHTS OF RACE.

Foraker Tells Colored People to Stand Firm.

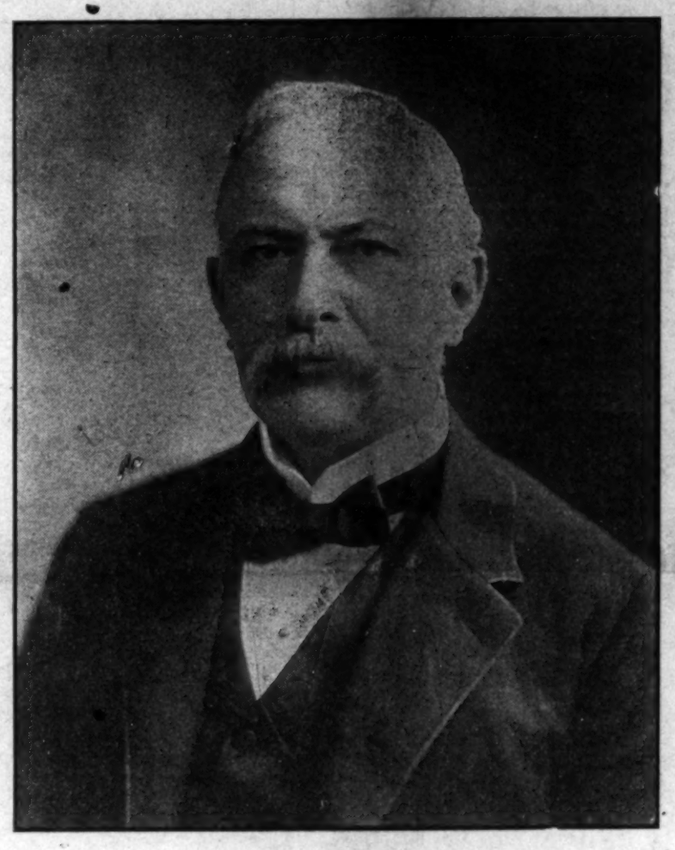
STIRS HIS VAST AUDIENCE.

SOLDIERS DISCHARGED BY ROOSEVELT VICTIMS OF INJUSTICE.

If He Is to Be Eliminated from Public Life for His Part in Securing the Men a Hearing, as Has Been Threatened, He Declares that He Will Never Regret His Action—Great Crowd Hears Him.. Political Equality Should Be War Cry.

FORAKER HAS NO REGRETS.

"I do not question the good faith of the President or of the Secretary of War; but when I looked at the reports of Major Blocksom and General Garlington, and the testimony submitted therewith, upon which the President acted, I felt that, whether it was intentional or not, he had been misled. If for what I have done in their behalf (the colored troops) I am to be eliminated from public life, as has been proclaimed, then let it be known that I shall at least carry with me into private life the consoling satisfaction of feeling and knowing that I have been rebuked for an action that I shall never regret, but always esteem as creditable to my heart as man and to my sense of justice and duty as a public official."



SENATOR J. B. FORAKER.

Special to The Washington Post.

Xenia, Ohio, June 20.—"Stand up for your rights and make everybody else stand up for them. Let your ballots read: 'Down with the grandfathers' clause,' and 'Down with every man who upholds, condemns, or defends them, no matter where he lives, what politics he professes, or what office he holds.'"

This most striking passage from the address delivered today by Senator J. B. Foraker at the commencement exercises of the Wilberforce University is in reality the keynote of the argument which he made to the more than sympathetic audience who listened with rapt attention to his words. What he said regarding the Brownsville incident was but an incident in a general advisory recommendation to the colored race to make resistance to any and all invasions of its alleged rights.

No Room for Truce.

There was no mistaking the character of the advice. Bluntly, it was to support no man potlitically who was not in sympathy with the demand of the colored race for equality before the Constitution and the law. Moreover, this sympathy must be a lively one. There was to be no truce with those who condoned the nullification of the Constitution or the law by others.

Through his denial that the federal government had made out a case against the colored troops at Brownsville, and by making the charge that they had not been given fair treatment by President Roosevelt, and (inferentially, by Secretary William H. Taft, he made it clear to his delighted auditors that he was not one of those who were lacking in support of the doctrine that the Afro-American is a political equal. The effect of

Continued on 8th page.

PARAGRAPHIC NEWS

BY MISS BEATRIZ L. CHASE.

Dr. F. W. Fairfield, for more than twenty years dean of the College of Arts and Sciences of Howard University, has resigned and placed on the Carnegie foundation and granted a liberal allowance.

The funeral services of Mr. William Eugene Harris Queen, who died last Sunday, were held at the Nineteenth Street Baptist Church last Wednesday, Rev. Walter Brooks, pastor.

Rev. Dr. Edward L. Parks, a professor of Gammon Theological Seminary fourteen years, was elected to fill the professorship held by Professor Fairfield.

Rev. S. H. Norwood, who has been the secretary of the Methodist Episcopal Conference which held its last session at Mt. Zion Methodist Episcopal Church, was reelected to that position. Rev. Norwood has fully demonstrated his fitness for the position.

The funeral services of Miss Charity Smoot, the sister of Miss Marian Smoot, were held last Tuesday at Mt. Carmel Baptist Church, Rev. W. P. Gibbons, pastor.

The St. Luke Organization has been honored in having Mr. R. R. Horner, one of its members and officers, appointed on the Board of Education.

The Knights who visited Baltimore were highly pleased with their trip and especially with the entertainment given by the wife of the Grand Commander of Maryland, Mrs. Marga Watts, at their home, 1613 Orleans street.

The office of dean for the college of Howard University will be filled by someone selected by the board of trustees.

It is stated that he Boys' Club of New York is the largest in the world. It has a membership of 10,000.

We regret that the announcement concerning the National B. S. S. Congress and Y. P. Chautauqua, which convened at Baton Rouge, La., last Tuesday, did not appear in last Saturday's issue.

Rev. I. Tolliver, in his letter to The Western Star, Texas, says that "the Disrtict of Columbia is one of the greatest fields for missionary work among our people in this country."

Maj. Lemuel Harper, secretary of the Americus Republican Club, and former superintendent of the American Steel Hoop Company, of Pittsburg, Pa., was arrested last Monday, charged with assault.

An iron ball which was found in the alley between the old and the new Government Printing Office last Tuesday, was sent to Indian Head for examination as to its contents. It was supposed to be loaded with gunpowder or dynamite.

The Nashville Board of Education has concluded that "only Negroes born, bred and educated in the South need appy for election as teachers in the public schools of Nashville.

The Milk Commission held a meeting at the District Building last Tuesday afternoon. The final meeting of the commission was held the following afternoon.

Many persons have been killed as a result of the warm weather at Pittsburg, Pa.

All the union men employed in construction work in Louisville, Ky., struck this week in sympathy with the carpenters who struck. About two thousand men struck.

Joseph Brannan, who was found guilty of turning in a false alarm of fire last Saturday, was sentenced to three months' imprisonment and $100 fine, or six months' additional imprisonment, in the Police Court last Monday.

Sam Johnson, a Negro ventriloquist and conjurer, who attended a funeral near Denton, Md., ventriloquized the words "Let me down easy" as the corpse was being lowered into the grave. The pallbearers, believing that the dead was speaking from the casket, dropped it.

All persons suffering from tuberculosis in advanced stages will not be permitted to enter the State of Texas.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.

The National Training and Industrial School for colored boys and girls, to be located in the District of Columbia, with an agricultural or farm school in Maryland, conveniently near to the city, bids fair to be launched under the most favorable auspices, perhaps, of any similar school which has ever been started in the United States. The moveement seems to have taken hold of the community in a way that no other similar venture has done in recent years, due to the importance and great need of the school and the strong endorsements which it has received from the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, the president of the local Board of Trade, president of the Chamber of Commerce, the leading pastors of various denominations, and prominent citizens generally. A great mass-meeting will be held at Convention Hall, Fourth and K streets northwest, on Sunday afternoon next, June 30, 1907, at 3.30 o'clock, in the interest of the school. The program arranged is an intensely interesting one from every point of view; the famous United States Marine Band and the popular Amphion Glee Club will furnish music for the occasion. The distinguished jurist, Justice David J. Brewer, of the United States Supreme Court, will preside. Commissioner H. B. F. Macfarland, Dr. W. M. D. Norman, Prof. Roscoe Conkling Bruce, Mrs. Mary Church Terrell, Dr. George W. Lee, Mrs. Julia Mason Layton and others will speak; a number of prominent ministers and business men of the city will also make brief remarks. This program, together with the merit of the proposed school, will undoubtedly insure a large attendance.

Admission to the meeting will be free to all, both ladies and gentlemen. Rev. G. S. Lamkins, who has been promoting the enterprise, is very much gratified by the hearty support and encouragement he is receiving on all sides.

The ministers of all denominations have been invited to be present, as the school is to be undenominational. The Baptist Ministers' Conference of the District of Columbia voted on Monday to attend the mass meeting at Convention Hall at 3.30 next Sunday afternoon. Dr. George W. Lee, Dr. M. W. D. Norman and Dr. William J. Howard were appointed to represent them.

Admission to the meeting will be free to all, both ladies and gentlemen.

COSMOPOLITAN TEMPLE BAPTIST CHURCH.

At the Cosmopolitan Baptist Church, O street northwest between Seventh and Eighth streets, Rev. Dr. Simon P. W. Drew, Pastor.

Last Sunday services were well attended. Rev. Dr. R. H. Robinson, a former pastor of the Asbury Methodist Episcopal Church, preached a most excellent sermon at the evening service.

At the close of the service Dr. Drew presented to Miss Frances Little a gold watch as the winner of the first prize at a recent entertainment for selling the highest number of tickets. She brought in $35.10. It was a timely speech.

Next Sunday, June 30 at 2 p.m., Dr. Drew will preach the Forty-fifth Anniversary Sermon of the Grand Lodge of Good Samaritans of the District of Columbia at Samaritan Temple, I street between Second Third streets southwest. All are invited to attend the service.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.

Papular Excursions to
NIAGARA FALLS
Only $1.00 Round Trip.

June 28, July 19, August 2 and 16, September 6 and 20, October 4, 1907.

Excursion tickets will be sold on above dates, good going only on Special Train leaving Washington at 7.45 A. M., arriving Niagara Falls at 11.00 P. M.

Tickets valid for return ten (10) days, including date of sale, on all regular trains, except "Black Diamond Express" of Lehigh Valley Route.

Call on ticket agents for pamphlet giving full particulars as to stop-overs, side trips, etc.

Liberian Bar Association

AFRICAN NEGROES ORGANIZED A BAR ASSOCCIATION.

Monrovia, Liberia,
May 30, 1907.

The inaugural meeting of the Liberian National Bar Association was held in the Senate Chamber, Monrovia, January 2, 1907. Mr. T. McCant Stewart, formerly of America, was the first man to urge the organization of a bar association of lawyers from all parts of the republic. It was at a "common law" luncheon, given to the Bench and Bar of the Court of Quarter Sessions and Common Pleas for Montserrado County, at its last September term, T. McCant Stewart delivered an address, in the course of which he urged that as a matter of the organization of a bar association has been under consideration for years, it should be taken up and disposed of during the legislative session, when lawyers from all parts of the republic would be in Monrovia. At the close of the term, His Honor Judge Matthews called a meeting of the members of his bar, and the immediate organization of an association was decided upon. The following committee was appointed to draft a constitution: Attorney General F. E. R. Johnson, Ex-Attorney General T. W. Haynes, Mr. T. McCant Stewart, County Attorney C. D. B. King and C. B. Dunbar. A constitution and by-laws were drafted and adopted Wednesday, January 2, 1907, in the Senate Chamber. His Honor Judge A. J. Matthews presided and introduced the President of Liberia, who delivered the opening address. It was eloquent and pointed and was listened to with great attention. The next speaker was that distinguished and fearless defender of the rights of the Liberian people, R. E. R. Johnson, who was elected president. He made a timely speech. Mr. Johnson is well known in America as the man who defended the republic of Liberia against the cowardly attack that C. H. J. Taylor, while minister here, made against his people. He is attorney general of the republic and a man who is honored and respected by the people. He dedicated this defense of the republic to W. Calvin Chase, in the following language:

DEDICATED
TO
W. CALVIN CHASE,

Editor of the Washington Bee, who so ably exposed this false pretender, and laid bare all his imperfections; who is known and respected in Liberia as the only man in America who has dared to refute the false and malicious assertions circulated by him concerning Liberia.

By the Author.

President Johnson said in part: Your Honor and members of the association: Called by your unanimous vote to the important and responsible position of President of the National Bar Association of Liberia for the ensuing year, I deem it my duty on this occasion to express my appreciation of the honor which you have conferred on me and to assure you that I shall do all in my power to aid in effectually accomplishing the task to which we have set ourselves, feeling confident that I will receive your cordial support and hearty co-operation. It is the arm of the judiciary in the administration of justice which is the great end of all governments, and by which the strong are prevented from oppressing the weak. Without this there can be no security, tranquility or industry. Defending the innocent from oppression, it also lends its aid to the prosecution of evil doers, the punishment of the guilty and the repression of crime.

He made some telling points throughout the delivery of his address and at its conclusion he was loudly applauded. Addresses were also made by Hon. J. A. Toliver, Chief Justice Roberts, and others. After the address a brilliant reception was held in the Executive Mansion, which was attended by many distinguished people of the republic.

AUDITOR TYLER.

Ralph W. Tyler has taken the Whitfield McKinley house at 1918 11th street, N. W., which, upon the arrival of his family shortly after July 1, will be their Washington residence.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

Washington, D. C., June 22, 1907.

The public is hereby notified that the partnership heretofore existing between James E. Clark and Bart Bogan is this day dissolved and that any work contracted for on the part of said partnership will not be recognized by me. That I am prepared and will contract for work in my name and give a satisfactory guarantee.

Bart Bogan,
2147 D street, N. W.

ITEMS ON THE WING.

To my Friend FLORENCE KEFFER

"Naturitch."

(Pretty Little Girl.)

S. EDW. CHESNUT.

Copyright, 1906, by The American Melody Co., New York.

Gillette Safety Razor

No Stropping, No Honing

Set consists of 12 double-edged blades (24 keen cutting edges) with triple silver-plated holder in velvet lined case. Each blade good for an average of more than 20 satisfying shaves. Handle and blade guaranteed to be perfect in material and workmanship. Sold by leading Drug, Cutlery and Hardware dealers.

Inquire about SPECIAL FREE TRIAL OFFER.

Gillette Sales Company, 21 Times Building New York City.

W. B. CORSETS

The W. B. Reduso

is the ideal garment for over-developed figures requiring special restraint. It has an apron over the abdomen and hips, so boned as to give the wearer absolute freedom of movement.

REDUSO STYLE 750 for tall, well-developed figures. Made of a durable coutil in white or drab. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 22 to 36. *PRICE, $3.00*

REDUSO STYLE 760 for short, well-developed figures. Made of white and drab coutil. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 24 to 36 *PRICE, $3.00*

W. B. NUFORM and W. B. ERECT FORM CORSETS

are built hygienically—they do not press or strain anywhere. Their lines are your lines, their shape that of your own figure. They make a bad figure good and a good figure better.

ON SALE AT ALL DEALERS

Erect Form 744	(Stout Model)	of Imported Coutil	*$2.00*
Nuform 403	(Slender Model)	of Coutil or Batiste	*1.00*
Nuform 447	(Stout Model)	of White Coutil	*3.00*
Erect Form 720	(Average Model)	of Coutil or Batiste	*1.00*
Nuform 738	(Average Model)	of Imported White Coutil or Batiste	*2.00*
Nuform 406	(Medium Model)	of Coutil or Batiste	*1.50*

WEINGARTEN BROS., MAKERS, 377-379 BROADWAY, N. Y.

LOST TRIBE LOCATED

INDIANS FOUND HIDDEN IN THE CANADIAN ROCKIES.

Discovered by Surveying Party—Pass Time in the Chase of Big Game and in Raising Horses.

Spokane, Wash.—James M. Cornish, head of a surveying party working in the wilderness of the Yellowhead pass in the Canadian Rockies, brings to Spokane a story of the discovery of more than 300 families of Indians hidden miles from civilization in the northern wilds. They appear to be prosperous and contented, passing most of their time in the chase of big game and breeding horses.

"Their story of settling in Yellowhead pass is romantic," Mr. Cornish said, "reading more like a chapter recorded by Fenimore Cooper than a historical fact. The Indians claim to be descendants from the once powerful Iroquois nation, which wrought so much havoc in the eighteenth century. Generations ago, they say, they lived in Illinois, but in the Blackhawk uprising they were driven from the states, and for safety were forced to flee to the northwest.

"They traveled many months through strange lands and territories ruled by savage Indian tribes. They sought shelter with the Blood, Blackfeet, Cree and Beaver Indians, but were treated like outcasts, and finally driven farther westward.

"From camp to camp they journeyed, until they struck the Nez Perce country in northern Idaho, going thence to Spokane and Yakima settlements, but they were not allowed to remain. From the Yakima valley they went into the Colville district, where half their number were killed in combat with the Colvilles and Coeur d'Alenes.

"Finally, one of their chiefs told me, they settled in the Rocky mountains at the mouth of Yellowhead pass, and, as no one appeared to molest them, they remained. For a time they traded with the Hudson Bay people, but for more than 100 years they have not been in communication with either factors or traders. Whether this is because of some real or fancied wrong I was not able to learn, but I did note a peculiar turn of the lip when the chief talked about his forebears' dealings with the company."

Mr. Cornish says many of the horses found in the pass are high bred and fleet of foot. The men devote much of their time to tribal sports, such as games between boys, foot racing and ball playing, the last named pastime being a cross between lacrosse and baseball, the bat being similar to that used by cricketers, with a net on the end. The Indians appeared to be friendly to Mr. Cornish and his party and entertained them at potlatch during their stay.

FIND EVERYTHING BUT MEAT.

Bristles, Cereals, Skin and Glands Used in Canned Goods.

Albany, N. Y.—State Health Commissioner Porter announced in his official bulletin for May that a chemical analysis of 154 samples of so-called roast, corned, dried and potted beef, deviled ham and other canned meats shows the presence in these articles of boron preservative and a considerable quantity of indigestible matter, such as pigs' bristles, hairs, skin and glands. Cereal is also used to fill up the cans. Dr. Porter says:

"The use of any preservative in a food to be inclosed in a can which can be satisfactorily sterilized by the use of heat and sealed hermetically indicates that the materials to be placed in the can were in such state or were kept under such conditions as to lead the canner to believe that they required the use of a preservative for the prevention of decomposition until they could be safely canned."

Encysted embryos of trichina spirals were found in several sections of contents of a sample of potted ham. The report on luncheon meat says:

"Two samples of this product bore labels with the following statement: 'Fine old English luncheon meat as prepared at Haddon Hall in the reign of Queen Elizabeth.'

"The contents of the two samples are similar in appearance, both consist of large amounts of fibrous tissues and fat with scattered peices of skin, glands, hair and little muscular tissue."

Of deviled chicken from one firm, advertised as "selected chickens, finest quality," the chemist says the digestion test showed 11 per cent. of insoluble residue.

One sample of veal loaf had a boron preservative and consisted chiefly of cereal and fatty and fibrous tissues with a few muscle fibers.

Traveling Kitchen for Army.

Vienna.—The Austrian army department has been experimenting with an invention of Dr. Kuhn, consisting of a traveling kitchen. It is furnished with two huge kettles, which, according to recent experiments, can furnish food to 850 persons, or about 360 pounds of cooked meat, besides the soup and the vegetables. It has been found possible through hermetical sealing systems to preserve the food warm for 30 hours.

Rich Have Right to Be Idle.

Wellesley, Mass. — Students of Wellesley, decided, after a debate, that the wealthy classes have a right to be idle.

TO SEE EUROPE WITH SAVINGS.

Trolley Conductor and Wife Will Enjoy Results of Economy.

Kansas City, Mo.—A six months' tour of Europe is the purpose of Charles M. Kelly, 11 years a conductor on the Fifth street division of the Metropolitant Street Railway company, and Mrs. Kelly.

"My wife and I have planned this trip since we were married six years ago," said Mr. Kelly. "What I have saved as a conductor will be enough to pay our expenses."

The Kellys own their own home, a pretty two-story frame cottage. They intend to spend $3,000 on their trip.

"I have a six months' leave of absence from my work," Kelly said. "We intend to stay the limit, too. Such a chance comes only once in a lifetime for men like myself. Glad? Why, my boy, I haven't slept well for months. I've lain awake nights planning this trip. So has Mrs. Kelly."

The Kellys will sail from New York on a Hamburg-American liner. The first stop will be Naples. After Italy will come Switzerland, then Germany, with a trip down the Rhine to Cologne. The Netherlands and Belgium are next on the schedule. Then comes Paris and later London.

"What will you do when you return?"

"Take up my old position as conductor on the Fifth street line. I'll report for duty the second day I arrive in the city."

"A NO. 1" IS RICH TRAMP.

Has Spent Only $7.56 in Traveling Nearly Half a Million Miles.

Middletown, N. Y.—Well dressed and well groomed, "A No. 1," the most remarkable tramp in the world, is visiting the city for the second time in 24 years. Known only as "A. No. 1," he has traveled the world over many times since he started his hobo life in 1883, when he was 11 years old.

He has been in nearly every city, village and hamlet in the United States, and has covered 451,000 miles. He has spent in actual cash only $7.56 for traveling. Since January 1 he has traveled 5,200 miles at a cost of 26 cents.

Unlike the ordinary tramp, "A No. 1" does not beg. He gets a living carving images and heads on Irish potatoes. He carries a number of life insurance policies. A considerable fortune he never touches. He does not use tobacco or liquor. He has willed his property to a trust fund as a foundation for prizes to be competed for by public school students in his native city. He has also purchased a cemetery lot there.

WILL EXCAVATE ALONG NILE

California Professor Is Given Important Archaeological Work.

University of California — Dr. George A. Reisner, formerly in charge of the University of California expedition work in Egypt, has been appointed archaeologist in charge of excavations for the Egyptian government in Nubia.

The work about to be undertaken is of great importance, involving the continuous excavation of both sides of the Nile from Kalabsche to Dendur, a distance of 150 kilometers. This rendered necessary by the decision to raise the Assouan dam another eight meters.

Prof. Maspero, head of the department of antiquities, is to have charge of the restoration of the known temples and the copying of their inscriptions. To Dr. Reisner has been assigned the task of excavating monuments at present buried under the soil, and the recording and publishing of these excavations. The work is expected to take five years.

ED. PINAUD'S HAIR TONIC (EAU DE QUININE)

LILLIAN RUSSELL,
the beautiful actress, says:

"Without question, an indispensable adjunct to a lady's toilet table. Exceedingly meritorious in preserving the hair and causing it to retain its lustre."

You can make your hair beautiful and improve your personal appearance by using **ED. PINAUD'S HAIR TONIC** every day. It cures dandruff and stops falling hair, because it goes to the root of the trouble. **FREE!** A sample bottle of **ED. PINAUD'S HAIR TONIC** (3 applications) for 10 cents to pay postage and packing.

ED. PINAUD'S LILAC VEGETAL

An exquisite perfume for the handkerchief, atomizer and bath. Used by women of fashion in Paris and New York.

Send 10 cents (to pay postage and packing) for a free sample bottle containing enough **Lilac Vegetal Extract** for 10 applications.

Write to-day to **ED. PINAUD'S** American Offices,

ED. PINAUD BUILDING, NEW YORK CITY.

Ask your dealer for ED. PINAUD'S HAIR TONIC and LILAC VEGETAL

WO OLD GUNS GONE

OS ANGELES, CAL., WORRIED OVER THEIR DISAPPEARANCE.

teresting History Attached to "Fre-mont" Cannon—Formed Link Between Bear Flag Days and Old Glory.

Los Angeles, Cal.—What has be-me of the two old "Fremont" can-ns dug up by workmen at Commer-al and Main streets some time ago? No one seems able to reply. It is id the cannons were taken to the rt Mill summit and placed near the g pole where Gen. Fremont once signed his forces, but the cannons e not visible in that vicinity, and no e in the neighborhood knows about em.

These cannons were a valuable ac-uisition to California's archeological ossessions, and formed a connecting nk between the old days of the Bear lag and the final rising of Old Glory. n interesting history is attached to em of which perhaps no man in outhern California is more familiar han "Uncle Billy" Workman, pioneer anker and real estate man of Los ngeles. "Uncle Billy" is interested the preservation of these cannons, nd speaks of them in earnest, en-earing terms. The very mention of hem assembles a host of romantic ecollections of pueblo days.

"The two cannons dug up at the orner of Main and Commercial treets," said Mr. Workman, "I think ere brought from Mexico by an old panish tramp-trading vessel in 1819. hey probably were sent to the peo-le here by the Mexican government or use against American invasions. he inhabitants of this country even hen did not call themselves Mexi-ans, but native Californians."

"When Gens. Fremont and Kearney ame to Los Angeles these same 'na-ive Californians' used the two can-ons to attack them. When Commo-lore Stockton was bringing his troops rom San Pedro he met the natives ear the Dominguez rancho where an ncounter ensued and in which the annons were captured. They were auled into Los Angeles on carretas. The Americans spiked both guns and later threw them into the ocean at San Pedro, where for years they lay orgotten.

"After the Americans took posses-ion of the country the cannons were ound and fished out. Fifty-three ears ago, when I first came to Los ngeles, they were hidden away in a ot on Aliso street. When I became member of the city council, several ears later, we decided to preserve hese weapons as mementos of the ast, and to make them useful as well. We placed them at the corner of ommercial and Main streets as a ard to protect a building from turn-ng wagons. They were firmly embed-ed there, and attracted considerable ttention for some years. As I recall now, this building was torn down, nd the street somewhat changed, ith the result that the cannons be-ame deeply buried under the dirt and ebris, and in the rapid progress of coming civilization were at last for-otten."

An examination of the two guns re-eals that they are considerably over 00 years old. Local historians esti-ate their age at from three to six enturies, and it is pointed out that ey are of the type used by the early panish conquerors, Cortez and oth-rs. A cannon of the same pattern, ut of larger bore, said to have been sed by Cortez in his famous stand gainst the forces of Montezuma, and ater exhumed from ruins on the hore of Tehauntepec, now is on ex-ibit in the National museum in the ity of Mexico. This leaves the infer-nce that the two cannons found here re of a contemporary vintage, hence is only to be surmised in how many panish-Aztec or Mexican-American ncounters the guns have figured.

EES IN MERCHANT A BANDIT.

espected Citizen of Houston, Texas, Identified as a Train Robber.

Galveston, Tex.—Joseph Bertmann, a respected merchant of Houston, was confronted the other day by John T. Dickey, who positively identified him as one of the robbers who held up a train and robbed the express company of about $25,000 18 years ago. Dickey was the Wells Fargo express messenger on the Houston & Texas Central line and the hold-up took place on the night of Sept. 24, 1889, ten miles south of Fort Worth. Two men did the work and for a half-hour the express messenger was face-to-face with the man who robbed the safe while his companion covered the engineer and fireman.

Dickey made a study of this man's features and voice, and declares he could recognize either among 1,000 men. He has not been in south Texas for fifteen years and upon entering Bertmann's store he was astonished to be greeted by the robber. Bert-man is said to have offered to restore the amount if the case be dropped.

Trio of Aged Sisters.

Canton.—Mary E. Ohliger, aged 88, one of three sisters residing in Can-ton whose combined ages totaled 250 years and one of the oldest members of the First Reformed church, now in existence a century, is dead. The two sisters left behind are Mrs. Catherine Weber and Mrs. [illegible]rgfell. Former Banker Louis [illegible] of Wooster, is a son. The remains will be sent to Wooster for burial.

There are more McCall Patterns sold in the United States than of any other make of patterns. This is on account of their style, accuracy and simplicity.

McCall's Magazine (The Queen of Fashion) has more subscribers than any other Ladies' Magazine. One year's subscription (12 numbers) costs 50 cents. Latest number, 5 cents. Every subscriber gets a McCall Pattern Free. Subscribe today.

Lady Agents Wanted. Handsome premiums or liberal cash commission. Pattern Catalogue (of fine designs) and Premium Catalogue (showing our premiums) sent free. Address THE McCALL CO., New York

THE BEE AND McCALL'S GREAT FASHION MAGAZINE
for one year for $2.00.
COUPON.

Editor Bee:—

Find enclosed two dollars. Send to my address below The Bee and McCall's Fashion Magazine for one year.

.....

No.....
Street.....
Town or City.....

BUY THE
NEW HOME

SEWING MACHINE

Before You Purchase Any Other Write
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY
ORANGE, MASS.

Many Sewing Machines are made to sell regardless of quality, but the "New Home" is made to wear. Our guaranty never runs out.

We make Sewing Machines to suit all conditions of the trade. The "New Home" stands at the head of all High-grade family sewing machines.

Sold by authorized dealers only.

FOR SALE BY

FUNERAL DIRECTOR.

HIRING, LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.

Carriages hired for funerals, parties, balls, receptions, etc.

Horses and carriages kept in first-class style. Satisfaction guaranteed. Business at 1132 Third street, N. W. Main Office Branch at 222 [illegible] street, Alexandria, Va.

Telephone for Office, Main 1727. Telephone Call for Stable, Main 1482-5.

OUR STABLES IN FREEMAN'S ALLEY.

Where I can accommodate 50 horses. Call and inspect our new and modern.

1132 Third street, N. W.

I. H. DABNEY, Prop.

ate caskets and investigate our meth[illegible]

NEW YORK
CLIPPER
IS THE GREATEST
THEATRICAL & SHOW PAPER
IN THE WORLD.
$4.00 Per Year. Single Copy 10 Cts
ISSUED WEEKLY
SAMPLE COPY FREE
FRANK QUEEN PUB CO [illegible]
[illegible] PUBLISHERS
[illegible]

Mme. Davis,

BORN CLAIRVOYANT AND CARD READER.

TELLS ABOUT BUSINESS.

Removes Spells and Evil Influences.

Reunites the Separated, and Gives Luck to All.

1228 25th St. N.W., Washington, D. C.

N. B.—No leters answered unless accompanied by stamp.

N. B.—Mention The Bee.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

Large, comfortable furnished rooms fo reither ladies or gentlemen, 1207 K street northeast.

Furnished rooms for rent at 1117½ 5th street, N. W.

Front Parlor suitable for a doctor and a back bedroom, 1410 First street, N. W.

THE SHORTEST SOLDIER.

How a Young Kansan Under the Required Height Got Into the Army.

Kansas City.—Charles L. Dagan, of Keats, Kan., a young army recruit who enlisted in Kansas City and left with a squad of recruits for Jefferson barracks, near St. Louis, is probably the shortest soldier in the United States army. His height is five feet two inches. He was accepted only on the recommendation of President Roosevelt, to whom he wrote explaining the situation after he had been rejected on account of his height at the auxiliary recruiting station at Topeka early in April.

Dagan had entertained the hope of becoming a soldier for a number of years. He is now 22 and having no one dependent upon him, he went to the recruiting station to enter the service. He passed a rigid examination save for his height, but the news that for this reason he could not become a soldier did not deter him. He had decided to become one, and promptly wrote to President Roosevelt explaining the situation. He made an earnest appeal to the chief executive, and the frank, earnest manner in which he couched his plea seemed to strike the president as that of a man who would make a good soldier.

This is probably the first instance of an acceptance of an application for enlistment in the army when a discrepancy of two inches in the required height existed. The minimum height, as stipulated by the war department, is five feet four inches.

Dagan is of almost perfect build, weighs 130 pounds and has a five-inch chest expansion. He expressed a desire to enlist in the cavalry and be sent to the Philippines. At Jefferson barracks he will be assigned to a regiment of cavalry under orders or preparing for orders for Philippine service.

DOES NOT FEAR GREAT WEALTH.

Justice Brewer Sees Growth of Spirit of Humanity in America.

New York.—"I do not view with alarm the accumulation of wealth, because I believe that the spirit of humanity and the sense of responsibility is growing among us," said Justice Brewer, of the United States supreme court, the other day, in discussing the future of the country.

"I wish the next 50 years were before me," said the justice, "that I might witness and participate in their events, for the coming half century is to be a marvelous period of history. Great inventions will be made, remarkable discoveries will be brought to light, civilization will advance, humanity will progress, and I believe that our nation will approach nearer the blessings of peace, of comfort and of happiness.

"The greatest hope for the future of the American nation is the development of its conscience. I think the spirit of religion is growing stronger—the religion of the Golden Rule and the good Samaritan.

"I look forward to the day when every man, woman and child in these United States shall have the blessings of physical comfort, the happiness of plenty; when there shall be no dire poverty and want."

BETS HERSELF ON A RACE.

St. Louis Girl Will Marry Owner of Horse If He wins Cupid Handicap.

St. Louis, Mo.—Miss Helen Burs, of 2024 Fair avenue has bet herself on a horse race.

Laws against bookmaking didn't bother Miss Burs and Frank Grimes when they put their wager, as remarkable a one as the turf ever saw, into writing and had it witnessed before a notary public.

The great Cupid handicap will be run at Priester's park, near Belleville, on the afternoon of July 4. If the fourth horse, Grime's Robbie G., comes first under the wire Miss Burs will come down from the grand stand and will take Grimes by the hand, the judge's bell will be rung in wedding day fashion, a real judge will step forth and the dashingly pretty St. Louis girl will become Mrs. Grimes.

Miss Burs made the wager after a discussion as to the merits of two horses in the race, in which Grimes dared her to put herself up as the prize. He had proposed to her before, but had been refused. Miss Burs says the novelty of the situation won her to consent.

SLOOP GOES TO JUNK PILE.

Historic War Vessel Condemned and Sold for $4,210.

Philadelphia.—After having weathered storms for nearly three-quarters of a century the old sloop-of-war St. Louis has been sold by the governor to a junk dealer of this city for $4,210. The vessel was condemned by a board of surveyors at League Island navy yard, and it was decided by the navy department that it should be sold, the upset price being fixed at $3,300. The great amount of copper in the old hulk made it more than usually valuable.

The St. Louis was built at Washington in 1828, and was the vessel with which Capt. Ingraham overawed an Austrian squadron in the harbor of Smyrna and secured the release of an American citizen who was held a prisoner on the Austrian flagship. Capt. Ingraham cleared for action and served notice that he would open fire on the squadron if the man was not surrendered by a certain hour. Before the time limit expired the man was sent on board the St. Louis.

FULL DRESS AND TUXEDO SUITS.
$1.00 -For Hire—$1.00.
Julius Cohen.
1104 7th street, N. W.

ST. LUKE HALL,
HEADQUARTERS
I. O. of St. Luke,
Richmond, Virginia.

—THE—
Independent Order of St. Luke
WITH HEADQUARTERS AT
Richmond, Va., is a growing Fraternal Society, with several Incorporated Departments, operating:—

1 A Fraternal Society paying Sick Dues and an Endowment at death.

2 A Juvenile Department paying Sick Dues and an Endowment at death.

3 A Regalia Department.

4 A Savings Bank.

5 A Large Department Store.

6 A Weekly Paper—The St. Luke Herald.

7 A Job Printing Office.

The St. Lukes are now operating in 15 states, and are rapidly spreading in every direction.

We want good, hustling Deputies. Good terms for the right persons, male or female. When you write inclose testimonial as to character and ability.

For further information, address
MAGGIE L. WALKER,
Grand Sec'y, I. O. St. Luke,
St. Luke Hall, Richmond, Va.

PROTECTS KOREAN FORESTS.

Japan Is Applying Latest Methods to Husband Timber.

Washington.—Luke E. Wright, United States ambassador to Japan, has forwarded to the state department details of the cooperative agreement between the Japanese and Korean governments outlining a plan for the use of forests in the Yalu and Tumen valleys. The plan is similar in many ways to the methods of the United States in developing the national forests of this country under the administration of the forest service.

The decision of the Japanese government to apply methods of forestry to the use of the forests of Korea is given especial attention because it is said that the matter of a large timber concession by Russia to a corporation was one of the ulterior causes of the declaration of war between the two countries. Before Korea came under the rule of Japan its timber resources were being rapidly depleted by wasteful lumbering.

Japan's plan for the management of the timber lands of Korea is to establish in the next five or six years nine model forests in the neighborhood of the cities of Seoul, Pingyang and Taiku. The capital for this enterprise is about $600,000, one-half of which is to be furnished by the Korean government.

Nuns as Strikebreakers.

Cuneo, Italy.—When the compositors of the Roman Catholic weekly newspaper here struck for higher wages the proprietor, at his wits' end, went to the prioress of the convent. She was a woman of resource and suggested that her nuns should go to the printing office and do the work. They did. In a few days they had become fairly expert and the paper appeared only one day late. The nuns made one characteristic stipulation, that the money they earned should go to the support of the strikers' families.

Wants to Stop Hat Tipping.

Vienna.—Count Johann Harrach, one of the leading Austrian noblemen, is organizing an association to suppress hat doffing as a salutation and substitute a military salute.

Columbia Ice and Coal Co.

FIFTH AND L STS., N. W., NEAR K ST. MARKET.
WOOD AND COAL UNDER COVER.
OUR COAL IS CLEAN, AND WE SELL CHEAP.
REDUCTION ON COAL FOR CHURCHES.
FILE YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS, AND WE WILL DO THE REST.
ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED. LEAVE YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS AND TELL US THE KIND OF COAL YOU WANT.
COLUMBIA COAL AND ICE COMPANY.

W. Sidney Pittman
Architect

RENDERING IN MONOTONE, WATER COLOR AND PEN & INK.
PATENT DRAWINGS DRAFTING, DETAILING, TRACING BLUE PRINTING
STEEL CONSTRUCTION A SPECIALTY.
Phone: Main 6059—M. Office 494 Louisiana Ave., N.W.

J. A. Lankford,

EXPERT BUILDERS EXAMINERS AND ESTIMATORS.

Plans gotten out at short notice from rough sketches, pencil drawings, written or verbal description, and mailed to any section of the country. In the past forty-two months we have designed, overhauled, repaired and built over Eight Hundred Thousand ($800,000) Dollars worth of work in Washigtonn, D. C., and vicinity, the work being of nearly every description and character.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF DESIGNING FOR CHURCHES, SCHOOL BUILDINGS AND HALLS.

We also make a specialty of building up vacant lots, installing steam and industrial plants for schools, colleges and business places. Any one contemplating having plans gotten out, buildings overhauled or repaired, we would be glad to have them call on or write us.

Main Office 317 Sixth St., N. W., Residence, 1210 V Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. Telephone 4629.
Branch, Miller's Hotel, Richmond, Va.
Branch, Taner's Hotel, Norfolk, Va.

James F. Oyster,

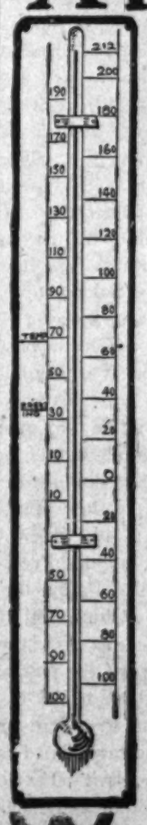
The Leading Place in the City for BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

Oyster's Butter is the sweetest in the market. His Cheese is the purest and Eggs the freshest.

Square Stands, Center Market, 5th and K streets, N. W., and Riggs Market.

OFFICE
Wholesale Dealer and Salesman, 900 and 902 Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W.

A HIGH DEGREE



of satisfaction is a rare thing in most $3.00 shoes. Shoes at this price usually lack style or comfort or both.

The style of more expensive shoes and good solid value are found in our

SIGNET SHOE

because of the exceptional attention bestowed on the making. The only cheapness in it anywhere is the price.
A Goodyear-welted shoe, made on several of the season's handsomest lasts, in the most popular leathers.
Looks first rate and wears that way every time.
It's worth your while to come in and look the Signet over, even if you're not ready to buy
Always welcome.

Wm. Moreland,
491 Penna Ave
HOLTMAN'S OLD STAND. SIGN OF THE BIG BOOT

THE BEE

PUBLISHED AT

1109 Eye St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

W. CALVIN CHASE, EDITOR.

Entered at the Post Office at Washington, D. C., as second-class mail matter.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy per year in advance	$2.00
Six months	1.00
Three months	.50
Subscription monthly	.20

FOR PRESIDÆNT OF THE UNITED STATES SENATOR JOSEPH BENSON FORAKER OF OHIO

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES TIMOTHY L. WOODRUFF, OF NEW YORK

ASSISTANT REGISTER ADAMS.

The editorial on Assistant Register Adams in the Bee last week was to a large extent based on hearsay evidence, which in the light of later information was given out for the purpose of injuring Mr. Adams, rather than presenting an accurate statement of the case.

The Bee has thoroughly investigated the matter and is now able to present the real facts in the matter.

About eighteen months ago there appeared in the daily papers of Washington an unsigned notice inviting all persons interested in stamp collecting to meet and form a philatelic society. There were about thirty persons present at this meeting, and Mr. Cyrus Field Adams, who had been an ardent philatelist for twenty-five years, was one of the number. He was well-known to many of those present, and took an active part in the organization of the Washington Philatelic Society, and was of course a charter member. In view of his long career as a philatelist and his expert knowledge of the science, which were known to a number of the collectors, he was elected president of the society. There was no race question involved—it was simply an organization bound together by the enthusiasm of its members for philatelic research.

It is now evident that the whole controversy has been stirred up by a Southerner who was exceedingly angry when he learned that the Philatelic Society had a colored president. He gave false information to the correspondents of several daily papers throughout the country, and to several colored men who spread the reports abroad without investigating the matter.

These news-carriers endeavored to prove that Mr. Adams had blackballed a Mr. William H. Wilkerson, who applied for membership in the Philatelic Society, by stating that his rejection was unanimous, and therefore Mr.Adams must have voted for him. This is false. The records do not show that the rejection was unanimous. Mr. J. Finney Engle, the secretary of the Philatelic Society, in a written statement which The Bee has seen, says that the vote on Mr. Wilkerson was not unanimous for rejection—a number of ballots were cast in his favor. And Secretary Engle further says that as the vote was by ballot he can not state how any member voted, but at President,Cyrus Field Adams, favored the admission of Mr. Wilkerson, he believes that Mr. Adams voted for him. Mr. Adams declares most emphatically that he cast his ballot for Mr. Wilkerson—that ought to settle the matter.

Now the charge that Mr. Adams is "masquerading as a white man": that is scarcely worth consideration. He makes his home at a colored man's house and his active interest in the leading colored organizations of the country is enough to prove that there is no masquerade.

No man in the country has written stronger articles in defense of the race than Mr. Adams; as the editor of the Chicago Appeal he has made a name for himself as race champion. As we write we have before us one of the recent issues of The Appeal, which contains an entire seven-column page of as strong race editorials as ever appeared in any Negro paper in the United States.

Mr. Adams has always been generous in his conrtibutions to race enterprises, and has given both of his time and money in loyal efforts to uplift the masses of the people.

The statement given out that the editor The Bee headed a movement to injure Mr. Adams is a lie, pure and simple. The editor of The Bee has not inspired any such movement, and a careful investigation fails to discover the existence of any movement against Mr. Adams. The story given to the press by the Southerner fell flat in Washington; it created no excitement whatever.

The Bee has known Mr. Adams for more than twenty years and has always admired him for his ability and moral worth. He has made an efficient public official, a man who says little, but works hard, and is in every way worthy of the esteem and confidence of his fellow-men.

We are pleased that the indisputable evidence completely vindicates Mr. Adams of the false charges made against him.

THE NEGRO BUSINESS LEAGUE

When Prof. Booker T. Washington organized the Negro Business League, little was it presumed that it would have reached such magnitude in this country. This organization is doing more to stimulate business interest among the colored people than any institution that has been established in recent years. In politics the Negro is a political failure. He has never learned the use of the ballot. He has allowed himself to follow blindly the leadership of certain men and parties to his own detriment. He has allowed himself to be eliminated because bad white men, South, have been elected to office who have ruined the business interests of the community. Today the colored Americans South have no political standing or face, even among those whose interests they have advocated. The Business League, therefore, has been a school to colored Americans. Instead of colored Americans losing sleepless nights and days, receiving broken bones and cracked heads, they are now accumulating wealth, getting property and making themselves good citizens. When the white man is made to feel that he colored business man has something he wants, he will seek him. When the colored man places himself in that position in the body politic he is recognized as a good citizen.

Whatever may have been the past blunders of Professor Washington, whatever may have been his mistakes, let us be charitable and give him credit for the good that he is doing now. While he is doing some good, let The Bee make this friendly suggestion to him: The colored Americans will not support President Roosevelt for the Presidency or any man named by him, and if Prof. Washington cares for the good will and support of the people he should not tell them to be patient and support the President or Secretary Taft. Secretary Taft has blundered and he knows it. He no doubt realizes the blunders he has made in following the instructions of his Chief Executive.

Secretary Taft may be such a man as Professor Washington would have the colored Americans to believe that he is, but how can we forgive him for what he has done to our brave soldiers? The Bee is always pleased to support Prof. Washington when it believes that he is right, but it cannot see where he is right on the Taft question.

Let us, therefore, make the business league a business factor in the body politic. Let the league take the place of past politcal blunders made by colored Americans. Then and not until then can they hope to be what the distinguished educator would have them be.

From the business league notes that appear in The Bee this week, the citizens of Topeka, Kansas, white and colored, intend to make the meeting of the league a great success. It will no doubt be the greatest and most successful meeting that has even been held yet. The Bee wishes it success.

EDITOR FORTUNE.

Editor T. Thomas Fortune, of the New York Age, is one journalist in this country for whom The Bee has the most profound admiration and respect. The Bee admires Editor Fortune because he is honest, no matter what his faults are or may have been or his afterchange of opinions. He has always defended the cause of his people in his own peculiar way and has changed politics to do it.

The Bee reproduces Editor Fortunes leading editorial on Secretary Taft and the editor of The Bee, because we believe in fairplay. That is, The Bee wants its readers to read both sides. Now, if Miss Jeanes requested Secretary Taft to be one of the trustees of the fund left to educate the Southern colored youths, neither The Bee nor any one else has anything to do with it. Hence The Bee's criticism of Secretary Taft's appointment by Mr. Washington was unfair and The Bee stands corrected by the editor of the Age. But Miss Jeanes committed a blunder in her bequest in naming Mr. Taft one of the trustees. Editor Fortune asks the question, relative to the dismissal of the colored troops and the position in which Secretary Taft was placed, "Would William Calvin Chase have stood by his chief or resigned from the Cabinet?"

Because the chief of William Calvin Chase sees h—l and enters, is it any reason that he, William Calvin Chase, should enter also, Editor Fortune? If the editor of The Bee was subjected to Editorial domination of Editor Fortune and Editor Fortune commits a wrong that will destroy him, should Editor Chase go to destruction also? Yes, had Secretary Taft been Editor Chase and Editor Chase Secretary Taft, Editor Chase would have resigned from the Cabinet and told his chief that he would have to travel to h—l alone. Because Senator Foraker has made is hot as the infernal regions for both since the fatal order of dismissal, and the end is not yet.

ODD FELLOWS' DISSENSION.

We have noticed that there is a great fight going on among the Odd Fellows in Alabama.

We have been creditably informed that, underlying this trouble, there are things connected with this great confusion not very complimentary to the S. C. of W. We are informed that this fight was precipitated by a decision rendered last January which disregarded the rights of the officers in power to be heard, according to the laws laid down.

Governing a trial in case of an appeal to the S. C. of W., we desire to say if the S. C. of W. did as it is charged, it has certainly given dissatisfaction. Such conduct would have the appearance of partisan action . Now, if these contentions are true, who could blame the people for not submitting to a decision that disregarded their side, according to the laws? This is said to be the leading district under the American jurisdiction, paying more revenue into the SupremeTreasury than any other district. We are also informed that Alabama has one of the cheapest and best endowment systems in existence among the Odd Fellows of America, and pays more money to their widows and orphans. As we understand it, t whole system was organized u the administration which the S of W. is trying to oust, and wh still controls the affairs for a la admits, and if the Executive wa to do the fair act, why doesn't President reinstate those dischar ed soldiers? Has Rev. White other old folks' bill that he wa Mr. Roosevelt to recommend Congress? For the benefit of R White, who doesn't seem to be w informed, we will state that nine per cent of the colored people this country will oppose any m named by President Roosevelt. E ery honest and intelligent color voter, Rev. White, is against President and Mr. Taft. Carry news. The Bee publishes yo communication because it may be your poor folks' home.

majority of the lodges. The lodges refuse to leave the men of their choice. This seems to us should convince the S. C. of W. that it has been mistaken or misled. The Bee is for the right and will stand for truth and justice. We think that the poor people are being persecuted by the ruling class or governing class in that section of the country. You will hear more from us as we shall put ourselves to some trouble in the future to learn what the matter is. We shall give it to the public just as we learn the facts, straightforward and truthfully. But we reserve the right to make such comments as we feel justified in the premises.

THE CHAIN GANG.

Some time ago The Bee called the attention of the Honorable Commissioners of the District of Columbia to the seeming discrimination that was being made at the workhouse between the white and colored prisoners who were sent from the police court to that institution. Notwithstanding the report that the superintendent of the work house has made to the Honorable Commissioners of the District of Columbia, which appears in this week's issue of The Bee, the editor of this paper has seen wagon loads of workhouse convicts, all colored men, going to work upon the public streets. There is not a white convict to be seen in these wagons. Not a white convict is to be seen with the colored convicts upon any of these public works.

The Bee doesn't contend that the Honorable Commissioners would be party to such discrimination, and neither does The Bee contend that the superintendent of the Washingon Asylum is aware that all colored convicts are compelled to expose themselves while white convicts are kept in and around the Washington Asylum. While the superintendent denies it in his report to the Commissioners, it is nevertheless a fact. The understrappers at the asylum, who make this discrimination without the knowledge of either the superintendent or the Commissioners of the District of Columbia. The Bee contends that the vile and vicious convicts, both white and colored should be made to work or the delinquent husband and the wife-beater. However,The Bee is pleased that the Honorable Commissioners have received report from the superintendent, but if they will make a personal inspection they will be convinced that no wagon load of white convicts is seen drawn through the public streets to be conveyed to public works, such as digging down hills, embankments, etc.

CAPTAIN OYSTER.

The Bee on behalf of the citizens of Washington extends its gratitude to Capt. James F. Oyster for making a record of the position of music instructor held by Prof. J. T. Layton. There is no teacher in the public schools more competent that Prof. J. T. Layton. He won his position by merit alone and not by favoritism, as the records in two competitive examinations will show. In two cases, after he had won, others were appointed over him. There has been too much color prejudice in our schools. Prof. Layton cannot help being black. His color has nothing to do with his musical ability. Thank God Captain Oyster and many other white members of the Board of Education have no color prejudice, as The Bee has long ago stated. In speaking of Prof. Layton, Commissioners West and Macfarland and others say that he is one of the best musical directors in the city. Prof. Layton has directed the largest choruses of any director of music that has ever been in the public schools. The citizens of Washington love him. The patrons of our public schools believe in him. His name is a household word in huts and hovels and palaces. No man has won a greater record than he has. He stands today pre-eminent in the estimation of musical people. There has been a conspiracy against Prof. Layton for years and every time it takes life the hand of God kills it. In this conspiracy are people who boast of their bastardy, and not their birth. The people want more men on the Board of Education like Captain Oyster. They believe in him. He can be trusted and relied on. Capt. Oyster, the people thank you, and at some future day an evidence of their gratitude will be manifested.

AN OBJECT LESSON.

The Bee desires to call to the attention of the colored members of the bar of the District of Columbia a report from the wilds of Africa, otherwise Monrovia, Liberia, where a National Bar Association has been organized. In this black republic our former townsman, Mr. T. McCant Stewart, suggested the propriety of organizing a bar association. This was done at a luncheon. The colored members of the bar in this city have been growing fat from luncheons given to them and at each luncheon a bar association was organized or suggested. The last and the best function given was by Attorney Thomas L. Jones, at his magnificent residence about two years ago. This function was fit for the gods, from which a Negro bar association was born. It was "still born." The brains of the guests were intoxicated with determination and promises. A bar association was just the thing. This was the unanimous opinion and expression. It has never met since and it will hardly meet again until there is another function. Then the members will again organize. Here at the Capital of the greatest republic in the world, where intelligence is supposed to be photographed upon the forehead of tramps, a bar association among colored lawyers is a thing of the past and foreign to the memory of the (Negro) legal profession. But away in Africa, where civilization is growing and where intelligence is today on par with American civilization, so far as the American Negroes are concerned, there has been a Negro bar association organized.

The Bee congratulates its old friend, T. McCant Stewart, and its learned and distinguished friend, the Hon. F. E. R. Johnson, the attorney general of Liberia and president of the bar association of the republic. This is an object lesson to the local members of the bar.

ADMIRAL BAIRD.

The statement of Admiral Baird, president of the Board of Education, before that body at its last meeting last week, relative to the withdrawal of the charges by the principal of the Armstrong Manual Training School against one of his teachers was the correct view. If the teacher in question is unfit for his school as he stated in his charges, the teacher should not be transferred to another school. If the teacher is guilty of what he has been charged, the Board of Education should remove him. Every opportunity was given the accused teacher to make the "amende honorable," but of the prejudiced feeling of certain colored members of the Board against the principal of the Armstrong, every effort has been made to blacken the reputation of the principal and exonerate the accused teacher. The Bee as well as the people will be pleased to see this matter investigated and disposed of one way or the other.

Admiral Baird is an honorable and upright gentleman who believes in fair play for everyone. It is unfortunate that the principal should withdraw the charges without first consulting the president of the Board of Education and Dr. Chancellor.

REV. WHITE.

For the benefit of Rev. White, who does not seem to know the feeling of the colored people against the Administration, The Bee begs to inform him. Every sane negro in the United States is against the President and his Secretary ofWar. Any negro who is for either is a fit subject for St. Elizabeth. When the President dismissed those colored troops he knew just what he was doing. He was catering to a Southern rebel sentiment. Now that he has been mistaken, as Rev. White

bosses and other places where men demanded it. At no time, under h administration or that of Messr Rounds, Palmer and Ricketts w any colored employe removed b cause he was colored.

What do we see under the pre ent Administration of the Gover ment Printing Office? We see th only competent colored pressma appointed by Mr. Ricketts or M Palmer, removed from his positio His colored help was first remo ed; then the colored pressman w removed. We also see the wives ex-Union colored soldiers remove We see colored widows with fo and five children removed. The are not over ten colored women the Government Printing Offic We ask the question, What does mean? This Administration h done more harm to the colored A ericans than the two Democra administration of President Cle land. The colored Americans ha a duty to perform, and they shou perform it well.

ONLY ONE THERE.

From the administration of Jo D. Defries to the time that Ho Oscar P. Ricketts retired from t Government Printing Office, w there so much prejudice and d crimination against the colored em ployes as there is now? Never b fore in the history of that office h the colored employe been treat with such little respect and consi eration as they are now. Whethe the Public Urinter is aware of th condition of affairs in his office, s far as the colored employes ar concerned as there is now. Ho Thomas Benedict, a Democrat Public Printer under Mr. Cleave land's administration, never judge a man by the color of his skin. H promoted colored men to sectio

GAZETTE EDITOR A LIAR

From the Cleveland, Ohio, Gazeette.

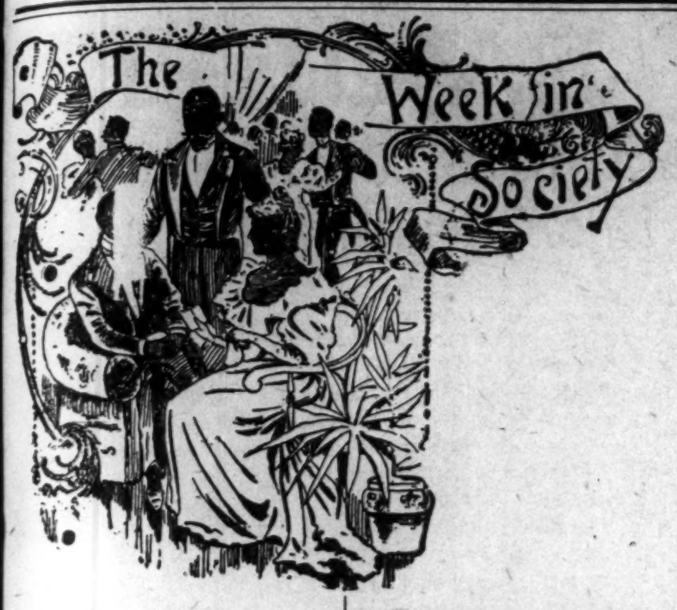
That color-line charge against Cyr F. Adams, assistant register of the U S. Treasury, sent out from Washingto on Tuesday to the daily newspapers o the country is just so much sensationa rot which W. Calvin Chase, of th Washington (D. C.) Bee is ever ass anon giving rise to because he is black We do not believe there is any mor foundation for it than there has bee for other similar charges brought orig inally by the same individual in year gone by.

OFFICE OF THE EPWORTH LEAGUE, ATLANTA, GA.

Irvine Garland Penn, Assistant General Secretary. June 19, 1907.

I am glad to bear testimony concerning the character and ability of Rev. E L. Parks, D.D., whom I have known for twelve years, as one of the most scholarly man I have had to do with as well as one of the best educators I have known in all of my experience. While he was professor of systematic theology in Gammon Theological Seminary in Atlanta, Ga., he was in the affection of every man and woman of our race who knew anything about his work among us, and in his interest in us. We were all pleased with Dr. Parks because his interest in the race was of a permanent and substantial kind. It seems to me that the race can ill afford to be without Dr. Parks, especially since he is so fully prepared in experience and desires to serve his country and his Master through the uplift of the Negro. While he is now in a great field, yet it is my earnest prayer that he may some day be called back in some work that has to do with the preparation of our young men and women for service in life. I have never put my hand to a tribute of any brother with more genuine satisfaction and joy than I do to this of Dr. Parks.

(Signed) I. Garland Penn.



Mr. Haley G. Douglass left the city last week for Cambridge, Mass., to be present at the graduating exercises at Harvard College. Upon his return he will go to Highland Beach, Md., with the rest of his family for the summer.

Mr. Hamilcar Turley is rapidly recovering from a serious illsess.

Mr. John Craig, of 1437 Pierce Place, is convalescent.

Past Grand Senior Warden R. C. CClark, of No. 1300 Twenty - second street northwest, is confined to his residence by a severe illsess.

It is rumored that Prof. Tyler, precentor of St. Mary's Protestant Episcopal Chapel, has resigned.

Several hundred persons attended the picnic at Lake View given by the congregation of St. Luke's Church last Friday. The arrangements were very perfect and satisfactory.

Prof. George W. Milford, an alumnus of Brown University, Providence, R. I., attended the alumni meeting last week. He was cordially received and had "a high old college time."

Mrs. C. A. Fleetwood, in Peirce Place, is seriously sick at her residence.

The Grand Lodge of Masons spent St. John's Day, the 24th of June, at Glymont, Md., on the Potomac. Several hundred Masons, their families and friends attended.

The forthcoming annual excursion on Tuesday, August 6, 1907, to Somerset Beach, by the congregation and friends of St. Luke's Protestant Episcopal Church, bids fair to surpass that of last August. The full Monumental Orchestra will furnish the music. Prof. Charles Hamilton promises all the latest musical selections. Wait until then if the reader desires an "old-fashioned" enjoyable time.

Mrs. Mary Derry Matthews and husband were guests of Mrs. Evelyn Lucy Butler, on Sunday, having returned from California enroute to Baltimore, her former home. Their trip was a delightful one.

Mrs. Mary Harris, of Baltimore, spent Sunday with her niece, Mrs. Helen Bell Cardozo. She spent a very pleasant day with her relatives and friends.

Miss Enola McDaniel is visiting friends in Baltimore.

Mr. Horace Morris was called to Louisville, Ky., by the death of Mrs. Virginia Pickett.

Mrs. M. F. Cowdery and her children have returned tto Philadelphia.

Mrs. Mary Wooldridge, of Charlotte, N. C., arrived in Washington, recently and she expects to reside here permanently.

Mr. H. O. Atwood is visiting his uncle, Mr. L. K. Atwood, Jackson, Miss.

Mrs. Sallie Porter and daughter, Mrs. T. J. Cooper, have gone on a visit to Jamestown.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Nevitt expect to spend the summer in Maine.

Mr. Enoch Mason was visiting relatives in Baltimore recently.

Miss S. J. McCulley, who went to South Carolina with the remains of Rock Hill, S. C.

It is the intention of Mr. Norman Child, of Ohio, to spend a part of the summer in Washington.

Mr. J. C. Jackson, who has been confined to his home by sickness, is able to be out again.

Mrs. Minnie Minor is at Ocean Grove, New Jersey .

A number of Washingtonians visited Baltimore this week.

Mrs. Mamie Fleming, who has been in the city, the guest of relatives and friends, has returned to Newport News.

Mr. Edward Nevitt and wife were the guests of Mrs. Ferd Jones during their visit to Boston.

Messrs. Andrew Leftridge and R. C. Blackburn wil spend the summer at New London, Conn.

Hon. Ralph Tyler, fourth auditor of the War Department, is a well-known Ohio newspaper man. He is pursuing the even tenor of his way in his new position. In manner he is one of the most democratic chiefs of division under the present administration. His family, consisting of wife and three children, will join him on or about the 10th of July in their new home, 1922 11th street, N. W.

Mr. Tyler has already shown of what kind of metal he is made. He has promoted Mr. Bismark Pinchback from a $1000 to a $1200 clerkship, and one other colored man from Virginia drawn from the Civil Service, and there are others to follow.

A very important meeting was held Monday night at Galbraith A. M. E. Church by a committee of men for the purpose of making arrangements for a big rally the first Sunday in July, at which time the Right Rev. Bishop Alexander will occupy the pulpit morning and night. On Monday night, July 8, at the same church, a great mass meeting will be held. Bishop Walters will preside and many speakers have been invited, including the editor of The Bee. Invitations were sent out to all local organizations in the city to be present.

Miss Gipsey Taylor, 1120 18th street, N. W., has gone to New York to spend the summer with her uncle.

Prof. Arthur Langston of St. Louis, Mo., the distinguished son of the late John Mercer Langston, was in the city this week visiting his mother. Prof. Langston looks well and the very image of his illustrious father. He left for New York city, where he will be the guest of his brother Rolf.

Mr. Cyrus field Adams, deputy register of the treasury, left the city Monday evening for Jeffersonville, Ind., where he has been called to the bedside of his dying sister, Mrs. Penn. Mr. Adams has the sympathy of The Bee and a large number of friends.

Mrs. Nannie Galvin Stokes will leave the city for Atlantic City, N. J., to join her husband very shortly, where she will remain until September.

Dr. Samuel M. Pierre, who has been in the Freedmen's Hospital, has returned to his home again in good health.

Dr. and Mrs. Pierre and their children will go to the country on a short vacation.

Mrs. J. W. Smith of 2006 E street, N. W., will leave for Atlantic City in August.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Connely are stopping at 1928 11th street, N. W.

ENTERTAINMENT.

Quite a pleasant evening was spent Thursday, the 20th inst., at the home of Professor and Mrs. N. E. Weatherless ,2402 Brightwood avenue.

Mrs. Arabella V. Chase was present and explained the workings of the I. L. U. Mrs. Chase is the commissioned deputy for the District and surrounding sections. Those present expressed a favorable opinion of the organization.

Those present were: Mrs. Martha B. Weatherless, Mrs. Ida G. Richardson,, Mrs. Catherine Sewell, Mrs. Mary Simmons, Mrs. Letitia Bagley, Mrs. William Webb, Mrs. Carrie Milford, Mrs. Oceana Brooks, Mrs. Florence Hughes, Mrs. Clara Tunnell, Misses Price, Eliza Johnson and Beatriz L. Chase.

At the conclusion of the remarks by Mrs. Chase the company repaired to the dining room, where a table laden with choice edibles of the season awaited them. After a most enjoyable evening the ladies dispersed for their homes.

HOWARD UNIVERSITY NOTES.

At an important meeting of the Executive Committee of the Board of Trustees of Howard Univeresity, in the office of President Thirkield, yesterday, the resignation of Dr. F. W. Fairfield, for more than twenty years dean of the College of Arts and Sciences, was presented and accepted. Dr. Fairfield has been placed upon the Carnegie Foundation and granted a liberal allowance for the remainder of his life, in view of his extended and efficient services in the interests of higher education.

The Board unanimously elected as his successor in the professorship the Rev. Dr. Edward L. Parks, an educator of long experience and distinction. An honored graduate of the Northwestern University, for seven years he was an instructor in that institution, which has accorded him its highest honors. Called to the presidency of Simpson College, in Iowa, he raised and paid a crushing debt, broadened and enriched the courses of study, increased the faculty and more than doubled the attendance of students in the six years of his presidency. He was then called to a professorship in Gammon Theological Seminary at Atlanta, where he served for fourteen years, winning the confidence and esteem of all students under his charge. President Thirkield said that "there is no man who has worked in the South who has won the entire confidence of the Negro race more thoroughly than Dr. Parks by his scholarship and his devotion to the larger interests of the people. As an educator he stands among the foremost of his age, and he will bring great strength to the university.

The office of dean was not filled, as the Executive Commitee had not power to take up this matter.

The resignation of Professor W. P. Hay, who has been appointed head of the department of biology and chemistry of the Washington High Schools, and head teacher in the Western High School, was accepted.

Dr. W. V. Tunnell, who recently accepted the position of the Supervisor of the Colored Public Shcools, has resigned from this position and will resume his work as professor of history in the college, on full consideration preferring to remain at Howard University.

Mr. Walter S. Dyson was made assistant to Dean Cook, in the Commercial College, with advance in salary, as the appointment of Professor Cook by the Commissioners as principal of the Industrial Schools at Blue Plains, D. C., enables him only to have general charge of the Commercial College as dean for the coming year.

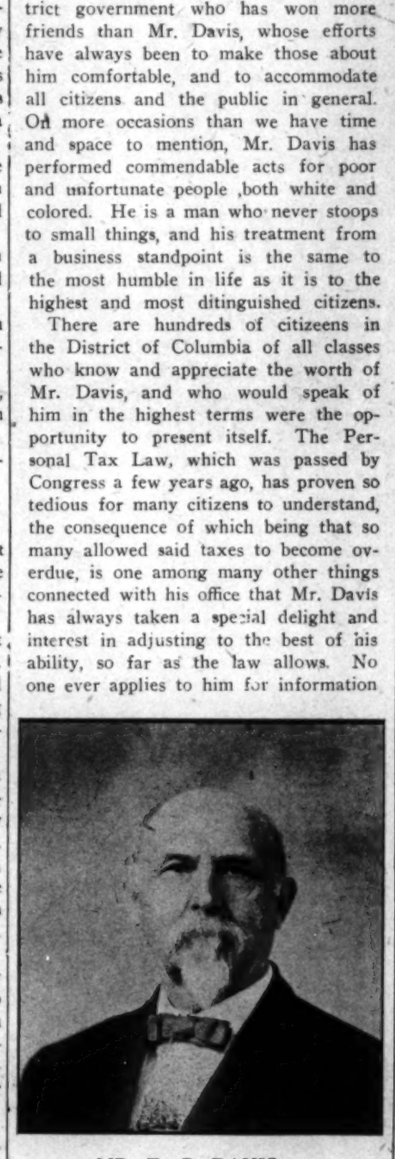
Mr. Edward P. Davis ,of the College Class of 1907, was appointed instructor for the year in the academy and assistant to the librarian.

COLLECTOR OF TAXES E. G. DAVIS.

We take great pleasure in presenting to the readers of The Bee the cut and sketch of the remarkable career of Mr. E. G. Davis, the Collector of Taxes for the District of Columbia, who is one of the best-known and one of the most valuable and highly respected officials of the District government.

Mr. Davis was appointed to the position of Collector of Taxes during the first admiinstration of ex - President Cleveland, and has held the position continuously since. There is not another official connected with the District government who has won more friends than Mr. Davis, whose efforts have always been to make those about him comfortable, and to accommodate all citizens and the public in general. On more occasions than we have time and space to mention, Mr. Davis has performed commendable acts for poor and unfortunate people ,both white and colored. He is a man who never stoops to small things, and his treatment from a business standpoint is the same to the most humble in life as it is to the highest and most ditinguished citizens.

There are hundreds of citizeens in the District of Columbia of all classes who know and appreciate the worth of Mr. Davis, and who would speak of him in the highest terms were the opportunity to present itself. The Personal Tax Law, which was passed by Congress a few years ago, has proven so tedious for many citizens to understand, the consequence of which being that so many allowed said taxes to become overdue, is one among many other things connected with his office that Mr. Davis has always taken a special delight and interest in adjusting to the best of his ability, so far as the law allows. No one ever applies to him for information



MR. E. G. DAVIS,
COLLECTOR OF TAXES.

without receiving same, if it be in his power to render such. There have been many commendable and worthy acts performed by Mr. Davis of which the public knows nothing. He is a man who always refrains from notoriety.

During the many years that Mr. Davis has been Collector of Taxes, many millions of dollars have passed through his hands for the District government, and he has always proven himself to be one of the most valuable wheels in the District government. Mr. Davis is a native of Maryland, and comes from one of the most aristocratic families in the State. He is a great fraternal and church worker, and is one of the highest Masons in the District of Columbia. He has on many occasions helped the churches and other religious institutions with liberal contributions, which hae aided their work.

Mr. Davis has a corps of assistants whose efficient records cannot be excelled. Mr.. Charles W. Collins, the Deputy Collector, who is another qualified and accomplished gentleman, and a native of the District of Columbia, renders very valuable assistance to Mr. Davis. Mr. David Warner, the bookkeeper, who has been connected with the office for more than thirty two years, is another whose official service to Mr. Davis and the office is recognized and appreciated, and also Mr. Davis' entire force of clerks and assistants are worthy of mention, all of whom highly respect him and are very fond of their chief, Mr. E. G. Davis. The writer consideers it an honorable pleasure to have the opportunity of contributing to the columns of The Bee the above cut and sketch of the honorable career of Mr. E. Davis, who has done more for the District and public than is really known.

BEAUTIFUL EXERCISES

There was a brilliant audience present at the Metropolitan Baptist Church to witness the Sixth Annual Commence ment of the Clarke Training School. Mrs. L. A. Clarks is the principal, and has labored incessantly to make the school what it is today. It is the only school of its kind in this city. The programme of exercises was as follows:

Invocation, Rev. Logan Johnson.

Music.

Remarks, Mrs. E. L. Dixon, Cincinnait, Ohio.

Music.

History of the School, Mr. J. A. Lankford.

Music.

Address to class, Rev. W. M. D. Norman.

Music.

Presentation of Diplomas, Dr. W. B. Evans.

Music.

Benediction.

GRADUATES.

Dressmaking Course—Mary E. Walton, Atlanta, Ga.; Minnie A. Romans, Abbeville, S. CC.; Elsie Evans, Garfield, D. C.; Laura Ray, Staunton, Va.; Ellen Johnson, Louisa county, Va.;; Sarah V. Banks, Popuoson, Va.; Rebecca E. Watkins, Oxford, N. C.; Emma V. Jordan, Locust Dale, Va.; Daisy I. Everett, Plymouth ,N. C.; Josie Estelle, Lexington, Ky.; Clara Jackson, Washington, D. C.; Lucy V. Harris, Winchester, Va.; Nannie Carey, Washington, D. C.; Mary E. Morgan, Washington, D. C.

Cooking—Maria Frazier.

Teachers' Course, Dressmaking.—Geneva C. Hardy, Brinkleyville, N. C.; Ella J. Lockhart, Selma, N. C.; Mary J. Suton, Newbern, N. C.

Mrs. L. R. Clarke, Principal and Founder.

Mr. W. R. Griffin, Presiding Officer.

AMATEUR ATHLETIC CARNIVAL.

Big Crowd Witnessed Sports at Washington Park Grove.

From the Philadelphia Record.

The athletic carnival brought 10,000 people at the opening of Washington Park Grove yesterday afternoon. The carnival consisted of running races, pole vault and an exhibition of wall-scaling by Company I, First Regiment, N. G. P., who tied for the record of the Military Athletic League, coming within two seconds of the record held by the Twenty-second Regiment, of New York.

The track events were especially interesting. In th 100-yard dash Ward, of the Aquinas Catholic Club, came through the crowd in the last ten yards, winning from Hammon by two inches, with Rossita third, a foot behind.

In the half-mile Nash was a great disappointment, as he was picked for a sure winner, but the handicaps were too much for him. Gunn, of Pennsylvania, took this event in good style, and from the form he showed should make some of the older men hustle at the Artisans' meet on June 8.

The 220-yards was probably the most interesting race of the day. The pace was fast from start to finish. Sutton started out as though he were running the 100. Dancy, of Penn, kept at his heels, while Nash, the Indian, followed with a worried look two yards behind. At the third turn Nash pulled up and passed. Dancy stuck to him, but Sutton found the pace too warm and dropped behind. In the stretch Dancy spurted and touched the tape a foot ahead of Nash, with Sutton coming in for the bronze medal.

BRILLIANT.

From the Nashville Globe.

Mr. George O. Boyd and Miss Anna Marie Tate, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William O. Tate, were married at the home of the bride's parents, 320 Eighth avenue North, at 7.30 o'clock Wednesday evening, June 12. Rev. W. S. Ellington, the popular clergyman, and pastor of the First Baptist Church, officiated.

Mr. George O. Boyd is a native of San Antonio, Texas, where he was reared and received his early training, both educationally and as a printer. From his native home he went forth into the larger field of the world's busy activities, winning his way steadily upward in his chosen profession. Resigning the head of the printing department of Guadaloupe College, Seguin, Texas, he came to Nashville, where he is now connected with the National Baptist Publishing House, as one of its expert linotype operators. He is one of the most rapid and accurate operators of the linotype machine, that wonderful invention of the printers' art—almost humanlike in its workings—in this country. Mr. Boyd has also other business connections in the city. He is the senior partner in the livery business of Boyd & Battle. He is a young man of promise—businesslike and alert, which traits are indicative of success.

Julius Solissa of San Diego, Cal., captured a turtle weighing 1,002 pounds.

Dr. Geo. Murray is still doing business at the same old stand, D and 2nd streets, S. W.

TRUE REFORMERS' DAY, JUNE 30TH, 1907.—TWO GREAT MEETINGS.

1,000 members wanted before August 1st, at $3.00 each, after which time the joining fee will be $4.60. Persons from 18 to 50 years.

At 1.30 p.m. June 30, 1907, 1,000 ladies dressed in white, and 500 men dressed in black suits, will assemble at the True Reformers' Hall and go to the Third Baptist Church, Fifth and Q streets northwest, where the O. F. Home Rally will be held.

Monday night, July 1, in the main auditorium of the True Reformers' Hall, Twelfth and U streets, 1,000 officers will be publicly installed ,after which ice cream and cake will be served free to all who may attend these exercises.

Deputy General Rev. J. T. Carpenter, of Philadelphia, Pa., and the Rev. H. Howell Harris, D.D., of Newport News, Va., will speak. They are speakers of no mean ability.

We have invited for short addresses on Monday night, July 1, Mr. W. Calvin Chase, editor of The Bee, and Mr. E. W. Brown, editor of the Reformer. M

We have secured in the past ninety days 1,000 new members in the District of Columbia.

W. R. Griffin, Chief.

WHEN IN DOUBT, BUY OF HOUSE & HERRMANN.

Cool Mattings

We are offering many extremely attractive values in Mattings. Making our own importations, we can assure you of an excellent assortment of exclusive patterns and the biggest values possible to obtain. We make no charge for fitting and laying, and will gladly arrange accommodating terms of credit if desired.

HOUSE AND HERRMANN, 7TH AND I (EYE) STS, N.W.

Repairing neatly done
Our $2.00 Derbies and Soft Hats Have no Equals

BRODT'S HATS

ARE OF THE HIGHEST STANDARD

Factory and Salesroom
419 11th St. N. W.
Phone Main 4474-y

BRANCH,
503 9th St., N. W

James H. Winslow

UNDERTAKER AND PRACTICAL EMBALMER.
ALL WORK FIRST CLASS. TERMS MOST REASONABLE.
TWELFTH AND R STREETS, N. W.

CITY HALL RESTAURANT.
Room 35.

Southwest entrance, center hall. Basement cool in summer.
Reopened under new magagement.
Public and private service. Transient custom solocited.
Excellent service by experienced caterer.
Choicest products of the market received daily, and professionally prepared. Special fancy dishes a specialty.
Bar Association and their friends a specialty. Positively good service rendered.
Cabinet officers, secretaries, judges, members and senators have ex-tolled her service.

Mrs. J. Altorfore, Prop.

SPECIAL

FOR EVERY THREE BUSH-ELS OF COAL PURCHASED AT OUR YARD WILL GIVE ONE PECK OF COAL *FREE* DURING THE COLD WEATH-ER.

COLUMBIA COAL AND ICE COMPANY,
FIFTH AND L ST., N. W., Near K Street Market.

ELGIN CREAMERY COMPANY

No. 220 Ninth Street, Northwest.
OPPOSIT CENTER MARKET,
IS HEADQUARTERS FOR FANCY ELGIN CREAMERY BUTTER, FRESH EGGS, PURE NEW YORK CHEESE, BEST TEAS AND COFFEE.
RETAILED AT WHOLESALESALE PRICES FOR CASH.
'PHON, MAIN 3148. ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
THE ELGIN CREAMERY CO.,

A Word To The Women

Courses in Dressmaking and Millinery.
ALSO
Instruction in Cooking and General Housekeeping.
Day and Night Classes in All Departments.
Employment Provided for Pupils While Attending School and After Graduation.
Excellent Opportunities for Young Women to Become Self-Supporting.

This school was established eight years ago, during which time it has trained and secured employment for nearly three hundred young women; and all are now employed in various cities and towns as teachers, dressmakers, and sewing in families by the day.

For further information, address,
Mrs. L. R. CLARKE, Principal,
2000 Eleventh Street oNrthwest.....Washington, D. C.

A UNION OF BEGGARS

AN ASSOCIATION IS FORMED BY FRENCH CRIPPLES.

Not Affiliated With Other Labor Organizations—"Northern Hobbler" Originator of the Movement—Rules Adopted.

Paris—The latest development in unions hails from Marseilles, where the crippled beggars have met to form an association to protect their interests.

The originator of the movement is Francois Rosin, better known as the Northern Hobbler, who is a globe trotter, celebrated for racing matches, to which he challenges any one who, like himself, is condemned to wood in the matter of legs. M. Rosin summoned a meeting of his fellow cripples, 26 of whom answered the call.

Some came on crutches, some had wooden legs, some with no legs at all came sitting on little wheeled carriages, and some had no arms. All listened attentively while the convoker of the meeting explained his purpose.

"We must first of all struggle against false beggars who exploit children borrowed from anywhere by making them dance around their miserable barrel organs, poor little kids for whom they pay seven francs a month to parents. That at least is the present rate.

"We must wage war against the contractors of mendacity who put beggars out on the sidewalks, covered with long blouses, which often conceal

Organizer of Beggars' Trade Union in France.

a perfectly sound body. These contractors take most of the money given to the beggars.

"We must finally put the public on its guard against all those beggars who, coming from goodness knows where, from foreign parts, shamming horrible infirmities, live on French public charity and so rob us."

M. Rosin was elected president of the new union without a dissenting murmur, and then the following code was drawn up and adopted:

Article 1.—Every member of the union must be French.

Article 2.—Members must refrain from singing or reciting songs or monologues against the Republican government, its officials, the police and clergy of any religion.

Article 3.—The duty of a member of the union who finds himself in a town exploited by sham mendicants or by beggars working under a contractor is to give information to the authorities.

Article 4.—It is clearly understood that to belong to the union a member must be crippled or suffering from some infirmity, visible or apparent.

Article 5.—Crippled or infirm women can become members.

Article 6.—No officer of the union shall receive any pay or indemnity.

After a short discussion it was decided that the union, in order to acquire the good grace of the government should not affiliate with the Bourse du Travail or with the General Labor Confederation. But as it was thought well that the union should seek official recognition, a deputation, consisting of the president, secretary, treasurer and dean of the cripples, Celestin Marius, waited on the prefect.

Unfortunately the prefect was away on business, but if the reception given by the prefectoral staff may be taken as a token the union is not likely to get any status from that officer.

Silent Secretary Root.

Secretary Elihu Root is supposed to be one of the best paid attorneys in the United States. When he was secretary of war he frequently went horseback riding with General Henry C. Corbin, the adjutant general of the army. Secretary Root never spoke once during their many rides. The silence became embarrassing to Corbin, who made many fruitless efforts to engage Root in conversation. Becoming desperate after his failures, Corbin, in speaking of the dilemma, exclaimed: "Why, the man is so accustomed to being paid for talking that I'll be hanged if I believe he will talk unless he is paid for it. I'll have to pay him a stiff fee to hear the sound of his voice."

Club Gets McKinley Portrait.

A copy of his White House painting of President McKinley has been made for Cornelius N. Bliss by W. D. Murphy, and it has been given by Mr. Bliss to the Union League club, of New York.

ROMANCE OF SERVANT

FORMER HOUSEKEEPER WEDS WESTERN MILLIONAIRE.

Was Once Companion of His First Wife—Successfully Invests Savings, Then Educates Herself and Travels.

Spokane, Wash.—Anna Larsen-Peterson, born of humble parents in Sweden, has become the wife of D. C. Corbin, millionaire railroad builder and sugar manufacturer, president of the Spokane International Railway company, whose line he built after selling the Spokane Falls & Northern railway to the Great Northern Railroad company. The wedding took place at Mt. Vernon, N. Y., May 22, and was not made public until the couple arrived in Spokane a few days ago. Mrs. Corbin is 35 years of age, while her husband is 70. Close friends say it was a love match.

Mrs. Corbin's romance reads more like one of Hans Christian Anderson's fairy tales than a story of modern life in the active and virile northwest. The daughter of a small farmer in rural Sweden, as a little girl she dreamed of the future, and before she attained her majority she came to America, like many of her countrymen and women, to improve her station in life.

After working in various households in New England and the middle western states, she came to Spokane 12 years ago and entered the home of D. C. Corbin as a housekeeper and companion to Mrs. Corbin. She gained the friendship of Mrs. Corbin, who assisted the girl with her education. Shortly before Mrs. Corbin died, six years ago, Anna married Antone Peterson, at that time identified with a local hardware firm, but they lived together only a few weeks, and two years afterward the young woman obtained a divorce at Tacoma.

Before her marriage she invested her savings in realty, which she sold profitably, and with the proceeds went to Chicago and placed herself under instructors, afterward going to Boston and New York, whence she went abroad with a teacher and three other pupils on an educational tour.

She traveled extensively a year, and in the meantime entered into correspondence with her former employer, who asked her hand in marriage three years ago. She gave her consent several weeks ago, when Mr. Corbin started eastward on a business trip, and they were married at the home of a friend, the bride being given away by her brother, Hjalmer Larson, who is chief draftsman for the Spokane international system.

Mrs. Corbin is of the Swedish type of beauty and has light hair and blue eyes. She is a brilliant conversationalist and speaks English with scarcely a trace of accent. She is also conversant with the French and German languages. She is a member of the Swedish Lutheran church, and it is said by intimate friends that she will use considerable of the fortune placed at her disposal by her husband in assisting her countrywomen and in works of charity.

Through her marriage she becomes the mother-in-law of the earl of Oxford, whose wife is Mr. Corbin's daughter.

BOY HAS PLAN TO FEED HORSES.

Automatic Labor-Saving Device Is the Work of Fourteen-Year-Old.

Middleboro, Mass.—One of the most unique displays in the home work department at the recent exhibition given by the pupils of the public schools was the automatic horse feeder made by Arthur Ripley, a 14-year-old high school student. Visiting teachers and superintendents were much interested in this labor-saving device, and the young electrician was kept busy during the exhibition explaining his feeder and demonstrating its usefulness.

It consisted of a large box with two partitions for the different kinds of grain, the bottom of which was hung on hinges. A lever which held the bottom in position was connected with the alarm gear of a common alarm clock, which was put in a small box on the side of the grain receptacle. The time of the clock in front corresponded with the time on the clock inside the box.

The alarm is set at the time the horses are to be fed, and the farmer could then go about his other work, and at the proper time the alarm would go off, releasing the lever and dropping the bottom of the box, which allowed the grain to fall into the manger in front of the horse. A small electric light is attached to the upper side of the clock box, which shows the farmer where the box is without a lantern, so that the possibility of setting fire to the barn is averted. Each day the box is filled with grain and the lever adjusted.

"Specs" Needed by 100,000.

New York.—The board of education has voted to ask the health department to make an expert examination of the eyes of all the children in the public schools to find out exactly how many would need glasses. Commissioner Stern said he estimated at least 100,000 children would require spectacles. He declared that "all attempts to educate these half-blind children under present conditions means so much sheer waste of money to New York." He said the city must provide glasses for the afflicted pupils at once or else regret its refusal throughout the generation.

DANIEL DEFOE'S HOME TO GO.

Dwelling Where "Robinson Crusoe" Was Written Will Be Demolished.

London.—One of the most interesting "literary shrines" in England, the house in which Daniel Defoe penned the greater part of "Robinson Crusoe," is about to be torn down to make way for modern dwellings. This little old-fashioned house, set back from the Finborough road, Tooting, and in striking contrast with the modern shops which flank it on either side, is now practically just as it was 219 years ago when Defoe came to it with his family to begin a strange life of isolation. He lived at Tooting for 18 months and during this time and

Where Author of "Robinson Crusoe" Lived.

for 20 years thereafter is said rarely—by some, never—to have spoken to his wife or children.

The sole change that has been made in the house since Defoe's time was the substitution of a new front in the year 1785. Over the scullery on the second floor is the little room where Defoe worked over the literary masterpiece which has secured his reputation for all time. This, the smallest room of the 12 which comprise the house, was his sanctuary, and only he passed its portals. Here for whole days he would shut himself from his family, receiving his meals, the meager repasts of an impecunious genius.

During the time Defoe lived in this house he was hard beset by creditors. Indeed, four years later, he was declared a bankrupt and was compelled to secrete himself to escape a term in a debtor's prison.

The old house is at present occupied by an aged woman and her equally aged husband. For a small fee they show visitors the room where Defoe wrote "Robinson Crusoe." In recent years the American pilgrims to this literary shrine have far outnumbered English callers.

KING OSCAR RESUMES REIGN.

Celebration of Marriage Anniversary Marks Abolition of Regency.

Stockholm. — The fiftieth wedding anniversary of King Oscar II. and Queen Sophia was celebrated the other day with extensive ceremonies. Messages of congratulation were received from all the crowned heads of Europe as well as from most of the foreign ministers and prominent persons over the entire world.

Members of the diplomatic corps assigned to the Swedish court called in a body to pay their respects and wish the aged king and his consort many more years of happy domestic life.

For the people of Sweden there was a double significance in the celebration, as it marked the return to the

KING OSCAR II.
(Monarch of Sweden Who Has Resumed Reins of Government.)

throne of King Oscar after his temporary abdication in favor of Crown Prince Gustave as regent.

When King Oscar laid down the reins of government December 14, 1906, it was feared he would never be able to assume the duties of governing the country again, but his health has improved to such an extent that the regency was abolished. It was as active sovereign that Oscar received the homage of his subjects at the wedding anniversary celebration.

Happy Man!

Recently a Washingtonian, in conversation with "Ollie" James, the gigantic and genial congressman from Kentucky, made certain inquiries with reference to a mutual friend whom he had not seen for a number of years—a Col. P. of the state mentioned.

"And how does my old friend, the Colonel, spend his declining years?" asked the Washingtonian.

"Beautifully, sir, beautifully," answered James. "He has a fine farm, sir. And a string of trotters, sir. And a barrel of whiskey 16 years old, sir, and a wife of the same age, sir."—Lippincott's.

Brennan to Be Given Chance.

Louis Brennan, the man who invented the gyroscope railroad in England, is to have a chance to demonstrate his project in India, the government having granted him a subsidy of $25,000. Moody Boynton, the first monorailer, is not so fortunate.

F-737

E. VOIGT

MANUFACTURING JEWELER

725 7th Street, Northwest

BETWEEN G & H.

Our stock of Jewelry and Bric-a-Brac is now complete. Each piece has been carefully selected and we feel satisfied that a visit from you will bear us out that we have as fine a selection as can be found anywhere. Why not give us a call tomorrow.

Everybody has some friend whom they wish to make happy. It may be mother or father, sister or brother. It may be a wife, or it may be a sweetheart—and no better time than Christmas is so appropriate—so suggestive. Nothing makes one feel happier than to gladden the heart of another.

Any article that you may select will be laid aside and delivered when wanted. Experieneed clerks. Polite attention.

Engraving Free of Charge.

WATCHES.

We mention here but a few of our specials.

Gentlemen's 20-year-Gold Filled American Stem Winders and Setters, $10.

Ladies 20-year Gold Filled Stem Winders and Setters, $10.

Gentlemen's 14-carat Solid Gold American Stem Winders and Setters, as cheap as $35.

Children's Solid Silver Watches with Pin Attachment, $3.50; regular price, $4.50.

Ladies Solid GoldWatches, Open Face, $8.00.

Boys' Solid Silver Watches, $5 up.

D-778

DIAMONDS

Put Your Money in Diamonds. No Better Investment To-Day.

Prices in the Diamond market are advancing, but *our prices have not been advanced* in some time. We still have a large collection of superb Diamonds which we bought a considerable time ago at lower prices than prevail today.

We shall not advance prices on these stones. We are merchants and not speculators and our fair percentage of profit is all we ask. So, as long as these Diamonds last, it will be possible to buy them here under the regular market for fine stones.

Ladies' Diamond Rings, $5.00 to $150.00.

Ladies' Diamond Broaches, $5.50 to $1,000.

Diamond Earrings, $15.00 to $500.00.

Diamond Scarf Pins, $7.00 up.

Diamond Cuff Buttons, $7.00 up.

Diamond Studs, $10.00 up.

We have Ladies' Handsome Diamond Rings set in Tiffany Mounting which we are selling at $30.00. This will make an appropriate present for Christmas. Every stone a ball of fire.

CLOCKS AND BRONZES

Clocks of all makes—American, French and German. We have a Clock as cheap as $5.00—must be seen to be appreciated. All Clocks kept in order for two years.

RINGS, LOCKETS, ETC.

Gents' Solid Gold Signet Rings, $3.50 up.

Ladies' Solid Gold Signet Rings, $2.00 up.

Child's Solid Gold Signet Rings, $1.00 up.

Ladies' Solid Gold Medallion Lockets, $4.00 up.

Ladies Solid Gold Crosses, $4.00 up.

Gents' Solid Gold Lockets, $4.00 up.

Ladies' Solid Gold Bracelets, $5.00 up.

Ladies' 14-Carat Gold Filled Lockets, $2.00 up.

We engrave the monograms on them in the highest style of the art.

SILVERWARE

Silver Tea Sets, $10.00 up.

Silver Cake Baskets, $4.00 up.

Silver Cups for Children, $1.25 up.

Silver Baking Dish, 7.00.

Silver Butter Dishes, $3.50 up.

Silver Pickle Castors, $3.00 up.

The above silver is the Genuine Rogers, which speaks for itself.

CATHOLIC GOODS

We have the largest line of Catholic Goods in the city.

Genuine Pearl Rosaries, 35 cents up.

Genuine Pearl Rosaries, strung on Fine Silver, with Solid Silver Crucifix, 75 cents up.

Emerald, Sapphire, Garnet, Ruby, Jade, Turquoise, Topaz, Crystal, and Coral Rosaries, strung on 14-Carat Gold-Filled Chain, $4.00 and $5.00. Will make a handsome Christmas present.

Solid Gold Rosaries, Genuine Stones, $25.00.

Rosaries for special devotions, viz.: Immaculate Conception, St. Ann's, St. Philomena, St. Anthony, Seven Dolors, Infant of Prague, St. Joseph, etc., with prayers either English or German.

PRAYER BOOKS

High quality at low prices, such as Key of Heaven, Manual of Prayers, St. Vincent's Manual, Vade Mecum, Sacred Heart, Following of Christ (by Kempis), Bibles, Old and New Testaments, etc. We have them in cases suitable for bridal or Christmas presents.

RELIGIOUS MEDALS

Religious Medals in Gold and Silver; Immaculate Conception, St. Benedict, St. Anthony, St. Joseph, Infant of Prague, St. Vincent de Paul, St. Aloysius, etc.

Eight-Day Sanctuary Oil, $1.00 per gallon.

Crucifixes, hanging and standing.

Candle Sticks in Gold Silver, and Brass.

Sacred Hearts, Solid Gold, 75 cents and $1.25.

Go to
HOLMES' HOTEL,
No. 333 Virginia Ave., S.W.

Best Afro-American Accommodation in the District.

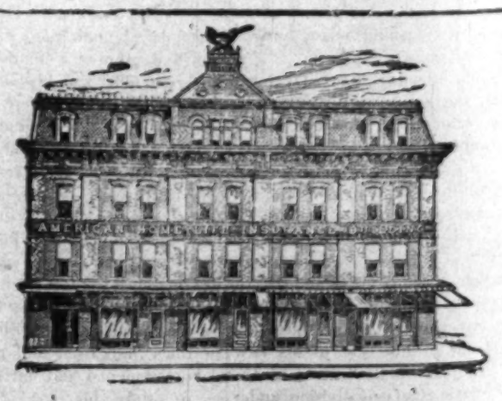
EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN PLAN.
Good Rooms and Lodging, 50., 75c. and $1.00. Comfortably Heated by Steam. Give us a Call
James Otoway Holmes, Prop.
Washington, D. C.
Main Phone 2315.

rh 52

Wm. Cannon,

1225 and, 1227 7th Street, N. W.

SOLE DISTRIBUTER OF OLD PURI SIM WHISKEY



SICK AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE UP TO $25.00 PER WEEK
WHOLE LIFE ... INCE ...
... MS
PAYABLE ONE HOUR ... DEATH
AMERICAN HOME LIFE INSURANCE CO.
FIFTH and G Streets N. W. Washington, D. C.

EDNA MAY IS MARRIED

ACTRESS BECOMES BRIDE OF YOUNG MILLIONAIRE.

Rise of American Girl, Who for Years Has Been Idol of London Theater-Goers, from Back Row of Chorus.

London.—Edna May, the American actress, was married the other day at the registry office at Windsor to Oscar Lewisohn, son of Adolph Lewisohn of New York, in the presence of a few relatives and intimate friends. The honeymoon will be passed in a motoring tour on the continent.

Edna May, now Mrs. Oscar Lewisohn, has probably been the most talked-about and written-about young woman who ever won her way from the back row of the chorus to the spotlight of popularity on two continents. It was about 1897 that a slip of a girl came to New York and applied to George Lederer for a position in the Casino chorus. No one knew her. She had no backing and no backer. She came from Syracuse, where she had been born probably 17 years before. Her name was Pettie, and her father, Edgar C. Pettie, was a letter carrier. She was winsome and demure, and after the manager had tried her voice he put her on the "waiting list" which meant that she could attend all the rehearsals, study up on all the music and then, possibly, get a position at $12 a week in the back row of the chorus. In a few weeks she secured the position at the back of the stage. After a lot more hard work and waiting she was

MRS. OSCAR LEWISOHN.
(Actress Who as Edna May Was Idol of British Theater-Goers.)

promoted to the second row and then received $15 a week.

Then came her opportunity. Mr. Lederer put "The Belle of New York" on the stage, and Miss May was cast for the supposedly secondary part of the Salvation Army Maid. But from the rising of the curtain the demure little maid in the poke bonnet became the star of the play. The musical comedy ran for months, and Edna May continued to increase her popularity.

While both she and the comedy were at the height of popular favor Mr. Lederer decided to transplant both to London. And in the English capital her success was even greater than in New York. Her pictures appeared in all the shop windows; jewels and flowers were tossed to her on the stage; a South African mining company presented her with shares that were worth $25,000 in real money; the prince of Wales was introduced to her; her engagement was reported to half the British peerage; she wrote a book that was published and she was constantly seen in company with dukes, duchesses and members of the lesser nobility. The cablegrams declared that she was unspoiled by all the attentions showered on her and that she remained sweet, demure and winsome, which won her as many admirers among the women as among the men.

Shortly after her first success she was married to Fred Titus, a bicycle rider, but their life was not happy together, and after a few years she got a divorce in this city. Titus later went on the stage and married again.

The little songstress, notwithstanding her popularity among the "Johnnies," kept her name singularly free from scandal. In 1902, however, the cables told that she had been named as a corespondent by Countess De la Warr in her petition for divorce, but the charge was indignantly denied and was never proved.

Many times she was reported engaged to young Cavendish, heir presumptive to the dukedom of Devonshire. There was no doubt of the devotion of young Cavendish, but nothing ever came of the rumors of marriage.

Rumors of engagements to many men of prominence both in England and this country were matter for gossip from time to time, but each was successively denied. These rumors only served to keep the little American, who had been called the "Madonna-faced lassie," prominently before the theater-going public, and her salary jumped from $12 a week to $2,000, and in recent years she has lived like a princess in London and its fashionable suburbs.

Miss May has returned to America several times, but her greatest popularity has been on "the other side."

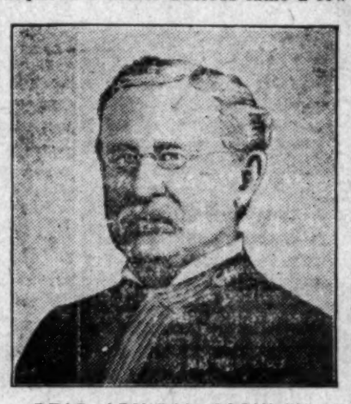
Oscar Lewisohn is about 25 years old, a graduate of Harvard, and reputed to be very wealthy.

ADMIRAL COGHLAN RETIRES.

Officer Who Fought with Dewey at Manila Leaves Service.

New York.—Rear Admiral Joseph B. Coghlan has retired from the service and the command of the Brooklyn navy yard. He was succeeded by Rear Admiral Caspar F. Goodrich. Admiral Coghlan's time of service expired several months ago, but owing to important work in hand he was requested to remain at the yard for a time longer. He will live in New York for the present.

Admiral Coghlan was with Dewey in the battle of Manila bay and has a splendid naval record. He is noted also as an after dinner speaker. He acquired a rather dubious fame a few



REAR ADMIRAL COGHLAN.
(Retired from Naval Service Because of Age.)

years ago by reciting at a dinner a German dialet poem entitled "Hoch der Kaiser," in which Emperor Wilhelm was ridiculed as considering himself the most important man on earth.

Admiral Goodrich is one of the best known officers of the navy, and has held more important positions, perhaps, than any other officer in the service. He has the distinction of being the officer who directed the first shot in the engagements around Santiago de Cuba, and he also fought the last naval engagement of the war with Spain, that in front of Manzanillo. He was appointed to Annapolis from Connecticut in December, 1861.

Rear Admiral Coghlan declares if he had his life to go over again he would reenter the United States navy; that it is the finest organization of its kind in the world, and that it holds out greater inducements to the young men of this country than does the navy of any other nation.

NEW USE FOR EIFFEL TOWER.

Wireless Messages Sent from There Over Long Distance.

Paris.—Recent experiments with a wireless telegraph installation on the Eiffel tower gave extraordinary evidence of the great distances covered by the Herzian waves. The operators at the tower were sending a message to Port Vendres, 700 kilometers away, and found to their amazement that the same message was received at Bizerta, 1,425 kilometers away. This is the more remarkable when it is remembered that the Eiffel tower is by no

New Use for Eiffel Tower.

means a perfect station for long-distance work, and that the receiving instrument at Bizerta was supposed to be capable of receiving only the waves from a comparatively short distance.

Melodrama Afloat.

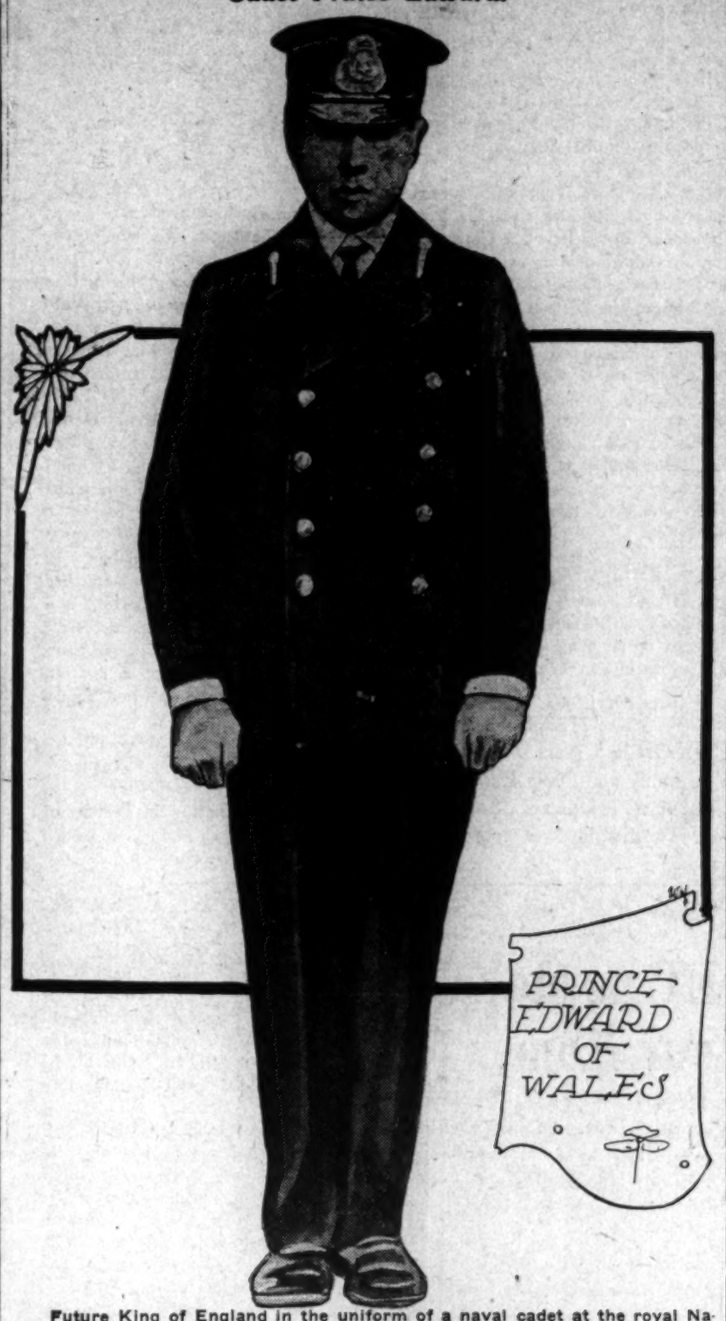
An extraordinary state of things has been brought to light at Dunkirk on board the Italian three masted ship Venetia, which arrived from Chili. She had on board a crew of mixed nationalities, among them being many Germans and Italians, who got on badly together, and the police found on board an Italian who had been for 75 days heavily ironed in such a way that he could scarcely change his position. He now seems half dazed and scarcely able to answer questions coherently. His own statement, so far as it can be grasped, is that after an altercation he took refuge in the captain's cabin, and that the Germans, taking arms, forced the captain to deliver him up to them.—London Globe.

Left Her Dog With the Police.

The guard room at police headquarters is becoming the tethering place for dogs, says the Springfield Union. A handsome collie followed four women down street last evening and as they "just couldn't take time to take him back home," they brought him into police headquarters and asked that he be taken home by a policeman. One of the women, who lives in State street, owns the dog, and she explained that she was on her way to a whist party and couldn't go back home with the dog because she might miss "a couple of hands of whist at the party."

The dog remained in the quarters till the woman came after it late last night.

Cadet Prince Edward.



Future King of England in the uniform of a naval cadet at the royal Naval college, Osborne, Isle of Wight. Prince Edward is the thirteen-year-old grandson of King Edward and son of Edward, Prince of Wales.

ONCE RICH; HOMELESS

EX-MAYOR OF NEW YORK TOWN IS EVICTED.

Jeremiah Casey, of Edgewater, N. Y., Loses Fortune in Litigation—Rise and Fall Due to His Inventive Genius.

New York.—At one time affluent, Jeremiah Casey, formerly mayor of Edgewater, on the Palisades, the other day was ejected from the home he had bought three years ago and all the possessions he had left in the world were set out in the street. His wife was so shocked by this latest bitter experience that she collapsed and had to be placed in a doctor's care. Casey's later years have been full of hard luck and litigation. About all the money he once possessed has been spent in lawsuits.

His prosperity and adversity are due almost entirely to his inventive genius. Several years ago he invented a nailing machine. The device could take the requisite amount of timber, after it had been sawed to the proper length, and make a box of it as good, if not better, than one made by a carpenter. A company was organized to build the machines and put them in operation. Casey asserts he was not treated properly by the concern. At any rate he lost his interest in the patent and in the company as well. That started a long line of legal proceedings which dragged through many courts and took much money. Casey collected the records of these trials and several hundred pages of scrapbooks were needed to hold them.

Back in the days when he was prosperous he bought the old Bayard Cutting homestead on the Palisades, opposite One Hundred and Tenth street, and went there to live with his family. Instead of being a haven of rest, the place proved to be another source of legal difficulties. He said he had good reason to believe he had paid for more land than he found specified in the deed. More lawsuits were started. Then his taxes, to his mind, were too high for the property, and he refused to pay the assessment. Threat of a sale of the land for taxes brought an adjustment, but the property had only just begun to give trouble. There was a mortgage on it. This, in the course of time, was foreclosed and the property was sold at auction. Dr. M. S. Ayres became the owner of the Casey home. The doctor took no steps to oust Casey, and it seemed as if unkind fate had decided to give a short respite to the former mayor.

A short time ago, however, Dr. Ayers sold the homestead to a manufacturing concern. Desirous of building a new plant, the company asked Casey to get out. He refused, asserting he had a right paramount to theirs. They did not think so, and constables ejected Casey.

Nellie Casey, daughter of the one-time mayor, was a schoolmate of Grace George, and is now a member of Miss George's company.

COST OF SHRINERS' WRECK.

Southern Pacific Railroad Will Pay Out About $1,180,000.

San Francisco.—Accident insurance policies, $200,000. Regular life policies, $320,000. Railroad damage settlements (estimated), $600,000. Damage to train, etc., $60,000. Total, $1,180,000.

These figures represent the financial phase of the recent terrible wreck of the Shriners' train at Honda, north of Santa Barbara, in which 32 men and women were killed and 16 badly injured. Inquiries by the railroad officials indicate that many of the Shriners who were killed had accident policies, which contained the usual specifications that the amount be doubled in case of death in a train wreck. One company will have to pay accident losses amounting to about $175,000, and another company about $25,000.

It has been ascertained that practically all the Shriners who were killed had left insurance policies in varying amounts in about six or seven companies. The total of these policies approximate $320,000.

The Southern Pacific under the law of this state has no defense against claims for damages by those injured and the relatives of those killed. The company has effected some settlements and will settle all the cases as quickly as possible. One of the railroad officials expressed the opinion that the company would get off by settling in the aggregate for $600,000.

Under the law of this state, save in the case of contributory negligence, a railroad company practically insures the life of a passenger holding a ticket he has paid for.

CAT FALLS FIFTEEN STORIES.

Reappears Few Minutes Later at Old Place.

Chicago.—This is a story about a cat, the pet of the Midday club, that fell 15 stories in the area way of the First National bank building, and is alive and well.

The animal plunged from a window of the millionaires' lunchroom on the eighteenth floor in the big loop skyscraper to the skylight of the bank quarters on the third floor. The heavy wire screening above the glass was bent and twisted by the impact and a few pieces of glass fell to one of the clerks' cages on the floor below, but the cat escaped uninjured. Fifteen minutes after the fall the animal returned to its quarters in the eighteenth floor lunchroom.

Choosing probable death down the light shaft in preference to a struggle with a Boston terrier, the animal leaped. As a group of the lunchers reached the window they heard a crash on the heavy skylight, 15 floors below.

All believed the cat had been crushed to death. A quarter of an hour later, while the "horrible death" was being discussed at a score of tables, the frightened cat came back. It slunk toward the kitchen and disappeared.

RUNS OSTRICH RANCH

MRS. PEARSON MAKES BUSINESS OF RAISING BIG BIRDS.

Has Just Started First Farm in Cuba —Feathered Animals Just Big, Healthy Idiots, She Says.

New York.—Mrs. Katherine Pearson of Phoenix Ariz., and Havana, Cuba, is not only the ostrich queen of the western hemisphere, but of the world at large. Her ostrich farm near Phoenix is the largest breeding ranch in America, and the farm near Havana on which she has just settled 45 birds is the first of its kind in Cuba. She owns more birds than any other woman ostrich farmer on the face of the earth.

"To begin at the beginning of my experience with ostriches I must tell you that my husband first bought a farm and a few birds near Jacksonville, Fla.," said Mrs. Pearson when talking to a reporter. "Mr. Pearson was the manager of the theater on Union square known as Keith's.

"Shortly after our marriage he developed consumption and we had to go south for his health. After a few years, the climate not having proved beneficial, he decided to go to Phoenix. We sold out in Florida and started breeding ostriches on the Phoenix farm with 250 birds.

"My husband was becoming more feeble every day. I tried to do my duty, and as a result I learned all the ins and outs in breeding birds and selling feathers.

"Since my husband's death I have increased the Phoenix flock to 980 breeders and the acreage to 2,000, making it the largest breeding farm in America. On the Havana farm there are at present only 27 acres and

Young Chicks Just Hatched Out.

45 birds. It is only an experiment, and I do not think it wise to get more birds until after these have proved the healthfulness of the climate.

"While in Arizona and Florida we never lost a grown bird except through accident,

"Ostriches mate when they are about three and one-half years old, and, like pigeons, remain together, entirely faithful, until they die. At least I have been told that they mate for life, and so far as I know it is true, though, as I said before, I never knew one to die a natural death. In case of an accident I have known the widowed bird to accept a second mate, but not until after several years.

"They usually lay two nests of eggs of from 12 to 14 each, and you can count on getting an increase of from 10 to 25 chicks. I have often known a pair of good breeders in a good season to hatch every egg and raise every chick.

The ostrich is as senseless an animal as exists. So far as I am able to judge they are absolutely and entirely without brains.

"You can teach them nothing, and it makes no difference how long you feed them or how kind you are, they never even get to recognize you. They know their mate, and that is, I believe, as far as their power of recognition goes.

"While I have heard the men on the farm say they didn't have sense enough to follow a leader, I have noticed that if a bird in one pen began to run, pretty soon every bird on the farm was running—for no apparent reason, just running. When they are in full feather they make a pretty sight in running, as they hold out their wings, and so show the beautiful plumes underneath.

"They do take pride in their plumage. When they are first plucked they become very sulky and seem to wish to hide themselves. If a plucked bird is turned with the unplucked, they fall on him tooth and nail, and the poor fellow is made to suffer for his loss.

"Ostriches are plucked every eight months. I use the work plucked, though the feathers are seldom pulled. When ripe they are cut, and later when the old quills have become perfectly dry they are drawn from the sockets by means of a pair of tweezers. This is not the slightest bit painful to the birds, and there is no blood drawn.

"A healthy ostrich, and I never saw a grown bird that was not healthy, will yield from $30 to $50 worth of feathers a year. As year-old birds are now selling in Arizona for $100 apiece for the South African breed, and $50 more for Nubians, you can judge the yearly profits on a pair of good breeders."

A FIND IN ANCIENT RHODES.

Rock Carved in Relief of a Greek Ship Discovered by Danish Explorers.

New York.—The Royal Academy of Sciences and Letters at Copenhagen is reaping a rich reward from the expedition it sent in 1902 to Lindos, a small town on the south coast of Rhodes, once a great island home of Greek culture in the Aegan sea. Since the Danes began to dig deep into its soil they have unearthed the larger part of its beautiful Acropolis, a fine temple and ancient stairway of remarkable workmanship and an enormous amount of statuettes, vases and other antiquities.

The Acropolis of Lindos was especially rich in the signatures of artists

Relief Carving of Ancient Greek Ship.

who had beautified it. Before the Danes began their work only 12 of these signatures had been found, but the Danish explorers have added 74 names of men, several of whom made reputations that still survive.

The most curious discovery of all is described and pictured in the last report of the society. While the party were excavating along the face of an ancient wall built some 200 years before the Christian era, they came to the edge of a carving in the rock.

They followed it eagerly for days before they knew certainly what it represented. Finally they brought the whole carving into view and it proved to be a representation in relief of the stern of an ancient Grecian vessel.

A plaster cast made from it is now in the museum at Copenhagen and experts who have seen either the original at Lindos or the cast at Copenhagen say that it is a faithful representation of an ancient ship. The relief is in no respect embellished for decorative effect, but is a reproduction, perhaps on a slightly smaller scale, of the stern of a Greek vessel of the Hellenic epoch.

Some of the coins of that time show reliefs of vessels and a considerable number of representations of ships have been discovered. The largest is now in the Palazzo Spada and the resemblance between it and the relief found at Lindos is very striking. The relief, however, has far more detail, and it was a splendidly executed piece of work.

On the side of the ship an inscription was cut into the stone showing that the relief was not meant merely as an ornament. It was hewn out of the rock to form the base of a statue in bronze in honor of Hagesandros. The statue has not been found, but the remains of an iron fence erected in front of the relief were unearthed.

PEARL WIGHT ACCEPTS POST.

New Orleans Banker to Become Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Washington.—Pearl Wight of New Orleans, the Republican national committeeman of Louisiana, has accepted

COL. PEARL WIGHT.
(Southern Man Appointed Internal Revenue Commissioner.)

the post of commissioner of internal revenue, to become effective on December 1. Mr. Wight has a number of important business matters which he wants to adjust and settle prior to taking up the duties of the office. Pending his assumption of the work a commissioner ad interim has been appointed by the president.

Col. Wight is a product of Maine. Born in South Penobscot, at 16 he entered a dry goods store in Rockland as a clerk, and many there now recall what a green country youth he was. His employers sent him to Oil City, Pa., to manage a branch store. He became a traveling salesman for a flour concern and eventually drifted to New Orleans. There he founded a big supply house in the reconstruction days and invested heavily in vessels and timber lands, amassing a large fortune. He has been a prominent figure in Louisiana Republican politics for years and is the state's national committeeman.

Member of Sherman's Staff Dead.

Dr. Dana W. Hartshorn, 80 years old, of Cincinnati, former dean of the Pulte Homeopathic Medical college, who was major surgeon on General Sherman's staff during the civil war, has just died. It is said he was the last surviving member of General Sherman's staff.

A CREDIT TO THE CITY.

The enterprising firm of Gray & Gray, proprietors of the Fountain Pharmacy, 12th and U streets, announce a special sale to continue until July 4, in honor of their second anniversary. Beginning Sunday, June 23, beautiful souvenirs will be distributed to their patrons. Their prices are always as low as is consistent with high quality and good service, but for this sale ridiculously low prices will prevail. The Fountain Pharmacy is a credit to the city, and the Bee hopes that they will be overrun on Sunday, the formal opening day of their soda season, by friends and well-wishers.

AT RICHARDSON'S.

For two weeks or more we have had good old summer weather; just the kind that calls for cool and harmless drinks, and this you can find at Richardson's,South Washington's Pure Drug Store, 316 Four and a Half street southwest. New additions have been made to the Soda Water Fountain, as well as other improvements, and with the interior decorations make Richardson's Drug Store one of the prettiest in the city. That new drink, the Nectar of the Gods, has captured all who have drunk it.

The first Sunday in July will be red-letter day—a dozen or more new Soda Waters will be put on sale. Remember that every drug in this store, and the Soda Water, is absolutely pure.

UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

The decision of Judge Alexander Mullowny, of the United States branch of the Police Court, last week declaring unconstitutional the so-called chicken law, was a just one. Some time ago Congress enacted a law compelling citizens to obtain a permit before they could keep chickens and other fowls. The citizen was compelled to obtain the signatures of seventy-five percent. of the male residents within one hundred feet of his residence. Judge Mullowney has decided that Congress has no right to enact such a law. Good for Judge Mullowney! It would be a good thing if other judges would render a few just decisions.

REV. WHITE TOADYS.

Mr. Editor:

Will you please give space for a few comments to correct some mistaken circulating rumors? We find from the press and from these would-be leaders that the colored people of the United States have lost confidence in the great Executive and the Secretary of War I believe that it is my duty to state to the public that the majority of intelligent colored people of the country have the same confidence in the President as they had when he nominated Crum and stood by his nomination. He was acting them upon the recommendation of the citizens that his man was worthy of the position. When he issued an order to muster out dishonorably the colored soldiers he did it through the recommendation of those who had charge of those men. We will agree that it was a mistake to send out on the public one hundred and sixty men branded as midnight murderers,but the President was misled by the information from the officers of the army, and I will state such utterances and such criticisms upon the Executive are dangerous ,for the confidence of the colored people of the country has been shaken in the state govrenment. To destroy that confidence now in the national government and cause them to believe that the great chief of the nation and the Secretary of War would discriminate against any citizen on ac, count of his color would cause the colored people soon to become a gang of highway robbers and midnight murderers.

Therefore these self-constituted leaders who are criticising the President rougher than I would a chief of police are not representing all of the intelligent colored people.

It is true that we heartily endorse the efforts of the Committee on Military Affairs in their efforts to give to the country the facts with reference to these soldiers. If they are guilty of midnight murders they ought to be today chained and in prison cells instead of having citizens' clothes on among good citizens.

The Committee on Military Affairs differs with the President on great subjects. A few years ago the President and the Secreary of War sent to the Committee on Military Affairs a favorable recommendation presented by the late Senator Hoar to appropriate two hundred thousand dollars to build a home in honor of deceased colored soldiers out of money due to their estate and fifty thousand dollars for the education of the colored youth in the Wilberforce University of Ohio. The President sent these measures with his favorable recommendation, but the Committee on Military Affairs found themselves too busy to consider the measure, notwithstanding it was favorably recommended by the War Department and the President. I feel safe in saying that there are not two men in public life who would do the colored people a favor of would give more time to consider measures in which they were interested than the President and the Secretary of War.

Rev. James L. White.

READ THE BEE.

FOR RIGHTS OF PEACE

Continued from 1st page.

his words upon his audience can easier be imagined than described.

Aroused Their Emotions.

Senator Foraker spoke in a tent pitched upon the university campus. Before and about him were thousands of colored people of both sexes, or as many as could crowd the canvas.

As the eloquent orator launched into his subject and said for them the things that they would have said for themselves the tent resounded with fervent cries of "Thank the Lord," and "Amen," an d"Praise God."

Swayed by Foraker.

Again, men and women could be seen swaying forward and back under the stress of strong emotion. The depth of feeling that engrossed this audience could readily be observed from the natural expressions given to it. When the name of Secretary of War William H. Taft fell from his lips, there followed a chorus of low, snarling growls from the men and high staccato shrieks from the women, interspersed with peals of mocking laughter.

Senator Foraker commenced his speech by referring to his last visit to Wilberforce, in 1885—twenty-two years ago. He reviewed the events of this period—of both local and national character. In this connection he spoke of the Spanish-American war and the acquistion of insular possessions, as well as of the great development of industries and power as a nation. He gave the colored people of the country credit for having contributed their fair share to the accomplishment of all these great results and congratulated them upon the success they have achieved.

Roosevelt's Fame

Senator Foraker, after speaking of the political teachers of twenty years ago, paid a warm tribute to the late President McKinley, and said:

"At that time Theodore Roosevelt was barely known to the American people; but he, too, had been laying the foundations broad and deep on which he was to build the remarkable character that has enabled him not only to be President of the United States, but to fill the whole world with the fame of his deeds."

He spoke of the part taken by the colored soldiers in the Spanish-American war, declaring that "No braver troops bore the flag to victory in that contest than the Ninth and Tenth Cavalry and the Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth Infantry. They were represented on every firing line and some of them perished in every clash of arms.

Credit Due Colored Soldiers.

"They died fighting side by side with the white soldiers and as it was in Cuba, so was it in the Philippines. Whenever there was hard service to be rendered or dangerous duty to be performed, they were present and did their full share. They would not claim any higher credit than their white comrades are entitled to recive. It would be an injustice to them to give them any less credit."

After discussing the race problem at considerable length along the lines of his previous speeches, he took up the Brownsville affair, saying:

"The investigation has not yet been concluded. We have simply taken a recess. Whether there will be any further important testimony no one knows. Because of this uncertainty I cannot predict what will be the ultimate results. All know, however, what has been accomplished."

After recounting what had been brought out, all of which had been published, he said:

"But however it may be as to the question of guilt, the fact remains that the men have had a chance to be heard in their behalf, to tell their own story, to state their own defense, and these they have done in a clear, manly, straigtforward way, that reflects on them the highest credit and satisfies my mind that they are victims of an injustice that has no precedent in the history of the American army.

Proud of His Course.

"I do not question the good faith of the President or of the Secretary of War, but when I looked at the reports of Major Blocksom and General Garlington, and the testimony submitted therewith, upon which the President acted, I felt that, whether it was intentional or not, he had been misled. I felt that the men had not been given a hearing, and that the little they had been permitted to say in their own behalf had been wrongfully denied any credence whatever.

"The investigation may prove futile to establish the truth. It may never be known who did the firing. But it will always be known that the men have at least had a chance to state their side of the case. If for what I have done in their behalf I am to be eliminated from public life, as has been proclaimed, then let it be known that I shall at least carry with me into private life the consoling satisfaction of feeling and knowing that I have been rebuked for an action that I shall never regret, but always esteem as creditable to my heart as a man and to my sense of justice and

FUNERAL OF GERTRUDE P. DAVIS.

The funeral of Gertrude Pauline Davis, daughter of Isaiah and Sophia Davis, who died at hte home of her mother, 113 D street southeast, last Wednesday, as the result of tetanus followed by blood poisoning, occurred from Enon Baptist Church, C street between Sixth and Seventh streets southeast, at 1 o'clock p.m. yesterday. Rev. Dr. J. I. Loving, the pastor, officiated. The pallbearers were William H. Payne, Herbert Payne, Ernest M. Payne and Dalbert White, cousins of th edeceased.

DEATH CLAIMED HIM.

The demise of Mr. Richard M. Duke, Jr., of Mississippi, on the 11th inst., brings regret and sadness to his many friends and co-worker. In the Metropolitan A. M. E. Church, of this city, he was a most ardent worker. Having been taken sick in the fall of 1906, his senior year in the Law School, he went to the hospital for treatment. After remaining there several months the doctors pronounced his case incurable, and the first week in May, 1907, his fellow-students arranged to send him to Mississippi, where, after lingering about a month, he died, as he had lived—a devoted Christian. The Bee mourns his loss because of his exemplary life he lived among men.

James Spencer, an aged colored man from Rockville, Md., was found wandering about the streets in South Washing. He was unable to give the police much information about himself, and was taken to the Emergency Hospital for treatment. Friends were notified of his whereabouts.

LEGAL NOTICE.

W. C. MARTIN AND T. L. JONES, ATTORNEYS.

SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Holding a Probate Court.

No. 7672, Administration.

This is to Give Notice:

That the subscriber, of the District of Columbia has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia, Letters of Administration c.b.a. on the estate of Thomas Nichols, alias Thomas Cephas, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 19th day of June, A. D. 1908; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 19th day of June, 1907.

Thomas L. Jones,
616 D St., N. W.

Attest: W. C. Taylor, Deputy Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court.

W. C. Martin and T. L. Jones, Attorneys.

F. P. HAYS.

High-Grade Cigars and Tobaccos. Sunday and Daily Papers. All the Popular Periodicals. Southeast corner Tenth and E streets northwest.

CREDIT FOR ALL WASHINGTON.

LET us Make Your Home

COMFORTABLEFORTHESUMMER

The discomforts of hot weather can be greatly lessened by providing suitable furnishings for the home. Come and look over our magnificent stock, pick out the things that will help to make your home more comfortable, and we will gladly arrange the terms of

CREDIT

payment to suit you. You will find it no more expensive to buy here on credit than it is to buy anywhere else for cash, and our plainly marked prices give you every opportunity for comparison. Our stocks are splendidly assorted and contain everything that you could possibly wish for.

PETER GROGAN,
817, 819, 821, 823 Seventh Street,
Bet. H and I (Eye) Sts.

MONEY.

For everybody at terms lower than the lowest. Don't be deceived; come to us and investigate. Business strictly confidential. No one knows of your transaction with us. We lend on furniture, pianos or salary. If you have a loan now anywhere and need more money, come to us Nothing deducted from loan. You get full amount. Extension in case of sickness without extra charge.

METROPOLITAN LOAN & TRUST CO.
505 E Street, N. W

LEGAL NOTICES

THOMAS WALKER, ATTORNEY.

Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.

Holding a Probate Court.

Estate of Horace Orrid, Deceased.
No. 14441.
Administration Docket.

Application having been made herein for probate of the last will and testament of said deceased, and for letters testamentary and said estate, by William D. Jarvis, it is ordered this 10th day of June, A.D. 1907, that Charles Orrid, of Cleveland, Ohio; Horace Orrid, Jr., of Chamberlin Hotel, Old Point Comfort, Va., Harrison Orrid, Henry Orrid, George Orrid, Anna Evans and Martha Barnes, of Hampstead, Va., and all others concerned,appear in said court on Tuesday, the 16th day of July, A.D. 1907, at 10 o'clock a.m., to show cause why such application should not be granted. Let notice hereof be published in the "Washington Law Reporter," and the Bee once in each of three successive weeks before the return day herein mentiond—the first publication to be not less than thirty days before said return day.

Ashley M. Gould,
Justice.

Attest:
James Tanner,
Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of Probate Court.
Thomas Walker, Attorney.

JAMES F. BUNDY, ATTORNEY.

SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBMIA.

Holding a Probate Court.

No. 13209, Administration.

This is to give notice that the subscriber, of the District of Columbia, has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia letters testamentary on the estate of Allen B. Hamm, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the third day of June, A.D. 1908; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this third day of June, 1907.

James F. Bundy,
420 Fifth street N. W.

Attest: James Tanner.
Registe rof Wills for the District of Columbia. Clerk of the Probate Court.
James F. Bundy, Attorney.

JAMES F. BUNDY, ATTORNEY.

SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,

Holding a Probate Court.

No. 14,508 Administration Docket.

Estate of Hattie A. Johnson, otherwise Hattie Johnson, Deceased.

Application having been made herein for probate of the last will and testament of said deceased, and for letters testamentary on said estate, by Walter H. Brooks, the executor by the said will appointed, it is ordered this 14th day of June, A. D. 1907, that Rebecca Sims, Sallie Robinson, Esau Moore and Richard Smith and all others concerned, appear in said Court on Monday, the 22d day of July, A. D. 1907, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause why such application should not be granted. Let notice hereof be published in the Washington Law Reporter and the Washington Bee once in each of three successive weeks before the return day herein mentioned—the first publication to be not less than thirty days before said return day.

Ashley M. Gould, Justice.

Attest: W. C. Taylor, Deputy Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court.
James F. Bundy, Attorney.

JOHN E. COLLINS, ATTORNEY.

SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,

Holding a Probate Court.

No. 14,208, Administration.

This is to Give Notice:

That the subscriber, of the District of Columbia, has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia, Letters of Administration on the estate of Peter Harris, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 4th day of February, A. D. 1908; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 13th day of June, 1907.

Abram Frey,
1515 Newton Street, N. W.

Attest: Wm. C. Taylor, Deputy Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court.
John E. Collins, Attorney.

COLE & SWAN,
WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELERS.
No. 1514 14TH ST., N. W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Choicest jewelry of every kind.
To suit the most fastidious mind:
With taste and skill combined.
The best and finest you will find.

4 VIRGINIA CLARETS —are included in our famous 67 standards. These 4 Clarets are noted for their Vinosity, dilutability and inexpensiveness. Own pressing.
20c, 25c, 30c, 40c qt.
CHRISTIAN XANDER'S
Quality House 909 7th St. 'Phone M 274

Established 1866.
Gold and silver watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, mechanical tools, parel.

JOHN E. MCGAW,
Pres. and Gen'l Mgr.
JOSEPH T. PEAKE,
Sec'y-Treas.
COLUMBIA ICE COMPANY.
ALSO
RETAIL DEALERS IN WOOD AND COAL.
Cor. FIFTH AND L STREETS, N. W.,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
TELEPHONE, MAIN 272.

BEAUTIFY THE COMPLEXION
IN TEN DAYS.
NADINOLA CREAM.

THE NADINOLA GIRL

The unequaled beautifier, is endorsed by thousands and guaranteed to remove freckles, pimples, liver spots, tan, sallowness, etc., the worst case in 20 days, and restore the beauty of youth.

TOO MANY WHITES.

A Matter of Bad Blood Between the Two Races.

Trouble Now Serious.

There are two races in every person's blood, one is a red race and the other is a white race. The red race represents food and the white race represents the scavengers. The red race produces healthy color in your cheeks, healthy flesh on your bones, strength, brightness in your yes and all the happiness that comes from good health. The white race takes the impurities out of the blood and wards against disease. There cannot be too many "Reds," but if there are too many "whites," then the blood is said to be thin, the face gets pale, and the whole body is open to attacks of any kind of disease.

Graham's Blood Compound wards off disease and is recommended for all blood impurities, eczema, pimples, and skin diseases.

$1.50 COUPON $1.50

Present this Coupon and we will give you the mammoth $1.50 size Graham's Blood Compound for $1.00. Only one bottle to a customer, and the Coupon must be presented.

$150 COUPON $1.50

Sold by all Druggists.
PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE,
Special Agents,
824 Seventh St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

$2 TO $5 PER DAY

Is easily made by our agents. Will you be one? Besides allowing large profits we also give our workers choice of over 108 useful and beautiful articles *free*. We want a representative in your town to sell *Taylor's Hair Grower and Dandruff Cure* (pomade) and *Taylor's Face Cream and Beatuifier* in 25-cent sizes. Firstto write, first to get agency. Write for our proposition today. It's a win. Address, Taylor Remedy Co., Dept. 21. Louisville, Ky.

LADIES wanting BETTER, LONGER and GLOSSIER hair can get a box of TAYLOR'S HAIR GROWER and DANDRUFF CURE (pomade) for 25c. at any drug store, or will be sent by mail to any address upon receipt of price.

Address Taylor Reemdy Co., Dept. 21, Louisville, Ky.

HOLLY MOUNT PURE RYE WHISKEY.
Sold Only By
JOHN F. MEENEHAN,
14th St. and Rhode Island Avenue, N. W.,
WASHINGTON. D. C.
Phone N. 3166.

HIGHER WAGES TO NEGRO WORKMEN

Secured by This New Union Order—Grows By Leaps and Bounds—Started Five Years Ago with Nothing But a "Principle"—Now Has Over 400 Subordinate Lodges and 36,000 Members.

Over 30,000 homes of our people have been filled with joy, because of the Protection of a great and powerful Union Order, which is using its strength and influence to secure better conditions for our people. This is the first and only great Union Order in this country, holding an International Union Charter from the Courts, which gives full Protection and Benefits to our race.

There is no color, race or sex discrimination in this Order. The negro has an equal standing with the white members, and can be elected to hold any office. Every effort is made to advance the condition of the members, by securing equal opportunities to work with other workmen, to learn the trades and to have steady work at high wages and Union hours.

The Grand Lodge donates $100.00 for the burial of each deceased member. A fine monthly Journal is published. A Membership Book of the Order is recognized by all Lodges everywhere. Distressed members are assisted. Each member and Subordinate Lodge has the privilege of buying stock in the Order, on low monthly payments, said stock paying 8 per cent interest, guaranteed.

A Leading Negro Deputy is wanted in each locality, AT ONCE, to form Lodges, sell Buttons, take Journal Subscriptions, sell Stock and act as DISTRICT DEPUTY ORGANIZER. This work can be done in spare hours, but many are devoting their whole time and attention to it. Big money is made by good hustlers.

Write at once. State name of this paper, and enclose 10 cents for full information and postage. Address

THE I. L. U. GRAND LODGE,
34 to 40 Canby Building, Dayton, Ohio.

FORD'S
HAIR POMADE
Formerly known as
"OZONIZED OX MARROW"

So STRAIGHTENS KINKY or CURLY HAIR that it can be put up in any style desired consistent with its length.

Ford's Hair Pomade was formerly known as "OZONIZED OX MARROW" and is the only safe preparation known to us that makes kinky or curly hair straight, as shown above. Its use makes the most stubborn, harsh, kinky or curly hair soft, pliable and easy to comb. These results may be obtained from one treatment; 2 or 4 bottles are usually sufficient for a year. The use of Ford's Hair Pomade removes and prevents dandruff, relieves itching, invigorates the scalp, stops the hair from falling out or breaking off, makes it grow and, by nourishing the roots, gives it new life and vigor. Being elegantly perfumed and harmless, it is a toilet necessity for ladies, gentlemen and children. Ford's Hair Pomade has been made and sold continuously since about 1858, and label, "OZONIZED OX MARROW," was registered in the United States Patent Office, in 1874. Be sure to get Ford's as its use makes the hair STRAIGHT, SOFT and PLIABLE. Beware of imitations. Remember that Ford's Hair Pomade is put up only in 50 ct. size, and is made only in Chicago and by us. The genuine has the signature, Charles Ford, Prest. on each package. Refuse all others. Full directions with every bottle. Price only 50 cts. Sold by druggists and dealers. If your druggist or dealer can not supply you, he can get it for you from his jobber or wholesale dealer or send us 50 cts. for one bottle postpaid, or $1.40 for three bottles or $2.50 for six bottles, express paid. We pay postage and express charges to all points in U. S. A. When ordering send postal or express money order, and mention name of this paper. Write your name and address plainly to

The Ozonized Ox Marrow Co.
(None genuine without my signature)
Charles Ford Prest
153 E. KINZIE ST., CHICAGO, ILL.
Agents wanted everywhere.

MADRE'S APRK FOR PICNICS.

Madre's Park is being fitted up for picnics, lawn fetes and other outdoor amusements. A new floor will be put in the pavilion this year. For terms and other information call and see M. A. D. Madre, 1314 Eighth street northwest.

DR. ROBERT L. PEYTON
Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty, 22K. Gold Warranted.
Phone, Main 5872.
DR. ROBERT L. PEYTON,
Surgeon Dentist.
Office Hours.—9 a.m. to 12 m., 1 to 5 p.m.
Saturdays and Sundays—8 a.m. to 1 p.m.
310 Four-and-a-Half Street S.W.
Washington, D. C.

A NEW LUNCH ROOM
THE BARBERS' AND PORTERS' LUNCH ROOM
910 E Street, N. W.
For Ladies and Gentlemen. Everything first-class.
J. L. Wood,
Proprietor.